

Tracking the COVID-19 Crisis with High-Resolution Transaction Data

Nontraditional Data & Statistical Learning with Applications to Macroeconomics

Banca d'Italia and Federal Reserve Board Joint Conference

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INTRODUCTION

Transaction data to measure consumption in real time and high definition

Financial data



Individual to firm transactions Credit and debit cards + Point of Sales (PoS)

Reassuring data management process



Measuring National Accounts in Real Time & High Definition

Use of card spending for nowcasting aggregate consumption and making granular economic analysis

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Expenditure adjustments during the **Covid-19 pandemic**: the case of Spain

THE DATA Transaction sample statistics for the Spanish data

Universe of transactions by BBVA - issued credit and debit cards and at BBVA - operated PoS Jan 1st 2019 - 29th of June 2020

	2019	2020
Number of Transactions	1.4 Billion	0.7 Billion
% Offline	92	95
Transaction Values		
5th Percentile	1.6€	1.9€
25th Percentile	8.5€	8.4€
50th Percentile	19.8€	19.3€
75th Percentile	45.4€	44.0€
95th Percentile	191.2€	176.6€
Number of Points of Sale	2 Million	1.6 Million
% Offline	70	65
BBVA Cardholders	6.3 Million	5.9 Million

- Geographical detail postal code
- Consumption categories (76)
- Cardholders:
 - home address postal code
 - education level
 - age
- International data:
 - Argentina, Colombia, Peru, Mexico, Southern United States and Turkey
 3.8 Bn transactions

THE DATA Card spending indicators in real time and high definition

Data may be analyzed between 1-3 months ahead than the official figures

Publication calendar for consumption according to the National Institutes of Statistics by country



Data has more granular detail on household spending than the official figures



RESULTS: Tracking the COVID-19 Crisis in Real Time A Global Expenditure Contraction and the Recovery

Cross country evolution of daily expenditure growth (YoY, in deviation from pre-March 8th mean growth, 14-day moving average) 20% -8% Spain -6% 10% -63% 0% Turkey -2% -46% -10% -4% Mexico -3% -14% Colombia -20% -40% -50% 0% Peru -7% -60% -28% Argentina -29% -80% 8-Feb 22-Feb 7-Mar 21-Mar 4-Apr 18-Apr 2-May 16-May 30-May 8-Aug 22-Aug 5-Sep 19-Sep 3-Oct 17-Oct 31-Oct 13-Jun 27-Jun 11-Jul 25-Jul 1% South US 1% -75% -55% -15% 5% Spain Turkey Mexico Colombia -Peru South US Argentina -October September April

Cross country monthly expenditure growth (YoY, in deviation from pre-March 8th mean growth)

RESULTS: Tracking the COVID-19 Crisis in Real Time In and Out of Lockdown: evidence for Spain

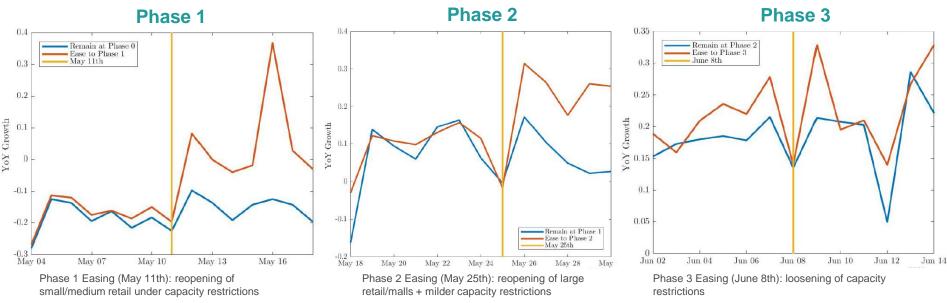
Evolution of daily Spanish expenditure growth (YoY, in deviation from pre-March 8th mean growth, 7-day moving average)



RESULTS: Tracking the COVID-19 Crisis in Real Time **Province-level Variation in Timing + Extent of Easing**

Evolution of daily Spanish expenditure growth by provinces: lockdown relaxation – switchers vs stayers

(average YoY expenditure growth for the provinces which eased into Phase 1/2/3 plotting it against the average for those provinces that stayed in the more restrictive Phase, centered around lockdown easing announcement days)



Extensive margin/size dependent shutdowns more damaging than capacity restrictions (conditional on being open)

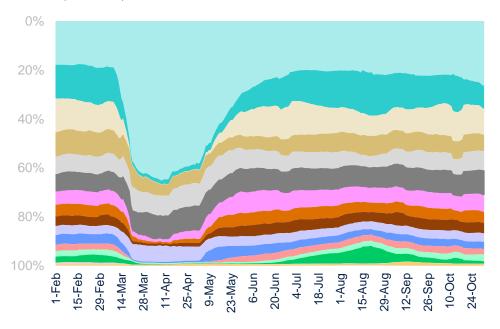
RESULTS: BBVA card data as a consumption survey- Household spending and income Reallocation of Consumption During COVID-19: spending by income

Categories more positively and negatively correlated with average income across Madrid postal codes (In red, categories restricted during the lockdown)

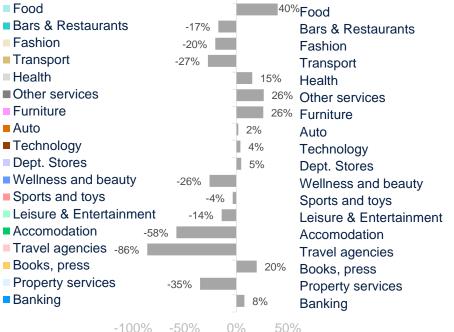
High-Income Categories		Low-Income Categories	
Category	Corr. with Income	Category	Corr. with Income
Taxi	0.67	Gas Stations	-0.48
Sports	0.62	Supermarkets	-0.35
Beauty & Hairdressers	0.58	Car Technical Inspection	-0.35
Restaurants	0.58	Telephony	-0.26
Parking	0.53	DIY: Small Retail	-0.25
Fashion: Small Retail	0.42	Insurance	-0.25
Mid- & Long-Distance Trains	0.41	Tobacco	-0.23
Pharmacy	0.40	Auto Sales/Repair/Parts	-0.23
Travel Agency: Physical Location	0.38	Veterinary	-0.22
Bars & Coffee Shops	0.37	Miscellaneous	-0.18

RESULTS: BBVA card data as a consumption survey- Composition of Consumption in the Lockdown Reallocation of Consumption During COVID-19: categories

Evolution of market shares of offline spending by consumption categories (% of total)

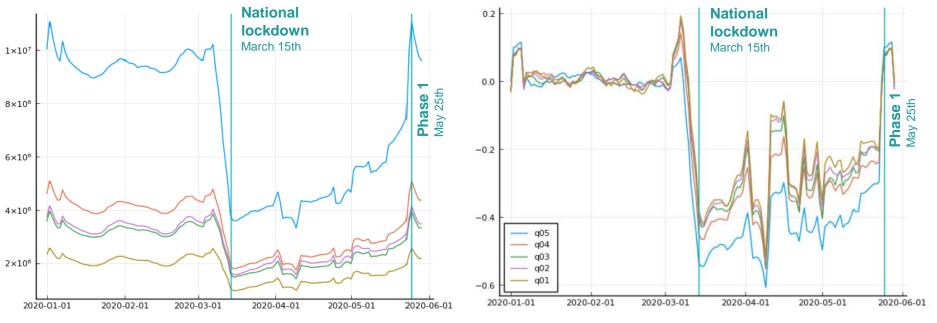


Cross sector October monthly Spanish expenditure growth (YoY, in deviation from pre-March 8th mean growth)



RESULTS: BBVA card data as a consumption survey- Composition of Consumption in the Lockdown Reallocation of Consumption During COVID-19: Madrid postal codes

Evolution of daily Spanish expenditure growth in Madrid's postal codes (by postal code average income -in quintiles according to their average income per capita in 2017-, 7-day moving average) **Evolution of daily Spanish expenditure growth in Madrid's postal codes** (by postal code average income -in quintiles according to their average income per capita in 2017-.YoY, in deviation from pre-March 8th mean growth, 7-day moving average)

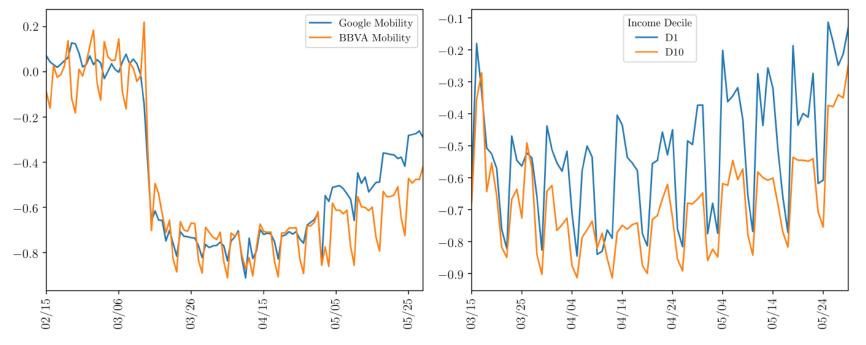


RESULTS: Transaction data as a Real Time Mobility Proxy

Card spending on transportation tracks mobility during lockdown very closely

BBVA card data spending on transportation subcategories vs Google Mobility data for Spain (percent change)

Evolution of daily Spanish expenditure in transport in Madrid's postal codes by income decile (percent change)



RESULTS: The infection cost of mobility Urban Transport, Income and Disease Incidence

Daily Covid-19 incidence within postal code. Estimated coefficients of disease model (Standard errors in parentheses)

Percent reduction of cases in counterfactual exercise by income decile*



*: Counterfactual exercise in which we impose the mobility patterns of the highest-income decile of Madrid postal codes on all postal codes during lockdown. in percentage of the total cases

RESULTS Main takeaways

Transaction data can be used to assess economic conditions, capturing relevant patterns in spending in near-real time and high-definition



Transaction data has proved to be useful to **track the economy** and exploit time series, cross-sectional and geographical dimensions.

Useful data for policymakers and researchers specially in a middle-income and developing countries

Tracking the COVID-19 crisis

Expenditure adjustments during the pandemic.

Sharp decline in expenditure as a response to the lockdown

Fast recovery during the progressive easing (V shape)

Large reallocation across expenditure categories and income groups

Detailed transaction data on transportation and commuting spending can be used to explain disease incidence at the local level – Madrid postal codes

Differential **mobility** (to work) induced unequal **disease outcomes** across income groups



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