

Big Data in Economics: our journey in BBVA Research

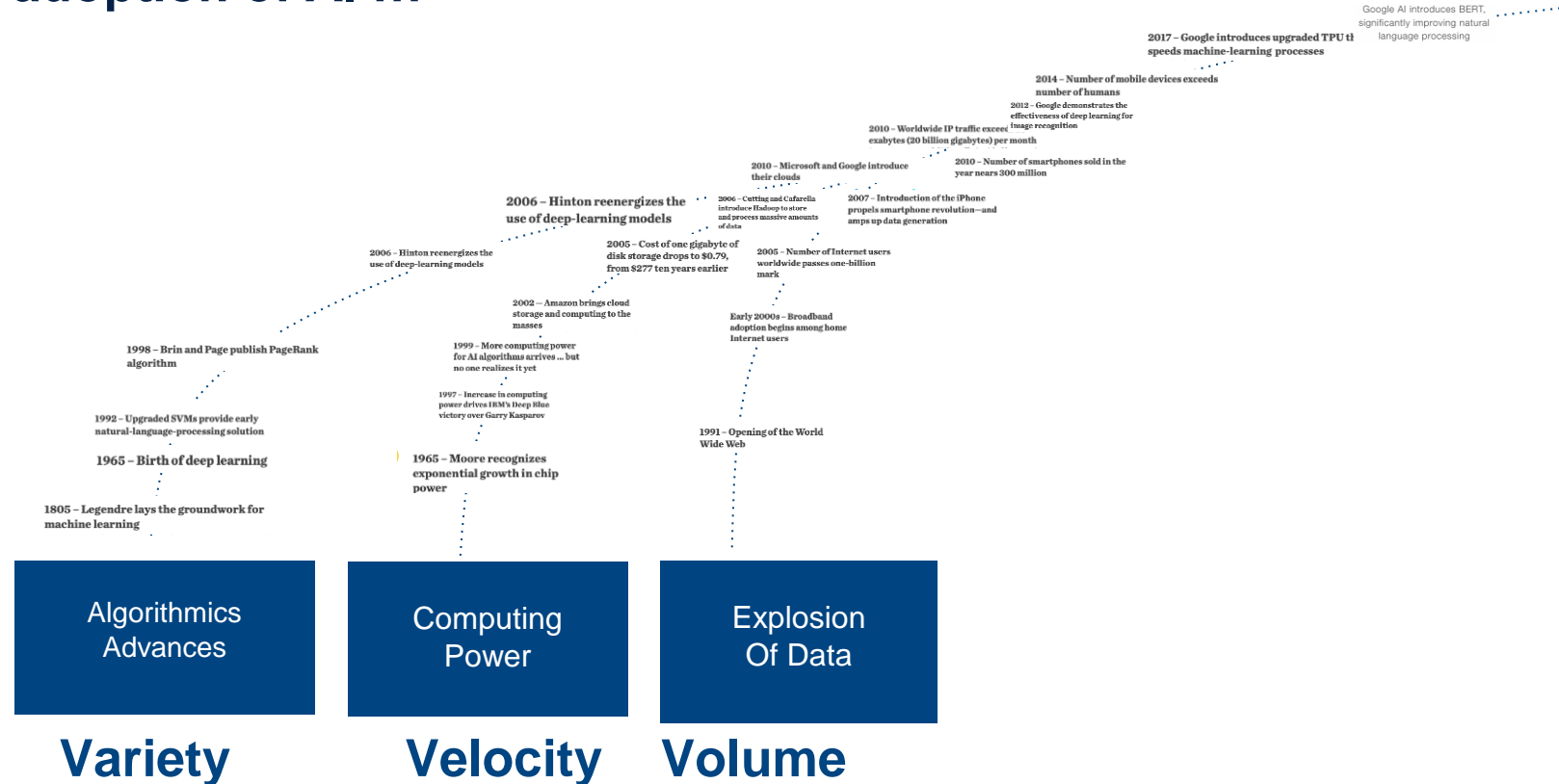
Facultad de Ciencias Económicas y Empresariales
Universidad Complutense de Madrid

Jorge Sicilia
Chief economist BBVA

01

What's Big Data and what can we do with it? A quick global overview

Why Now? The alignment of several trends has triggered a rapid adoption of AI ...



At present, AI Industrial and Daily Life applications are found everywhere



Image Recognition



Voice Recognition



Call Centers



Chatbots



Defence



Medical Diagnosis



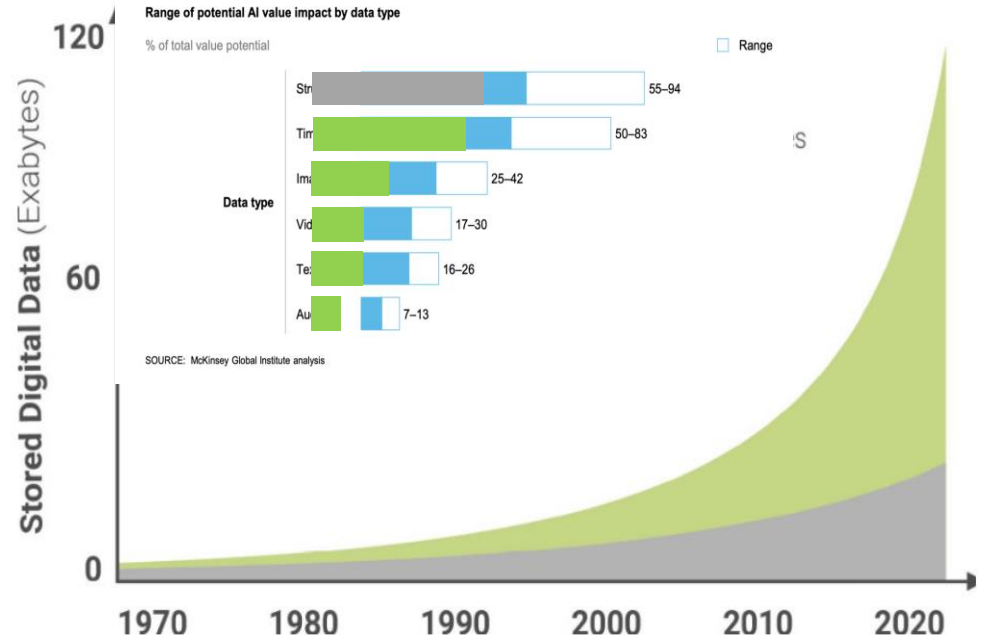
Gaming



Agriculture



Driverless Car



The increasing availability of Big Data is changing the nature of Economic Research towards becoming more multi-disciplinary ones

Six Decades of Top Economics Publishing: Who and How?

DANIEL S. HAMERMESH*

Presenting data on all full-length articles in the three top general economics journals for one year in each decade 1960s–2010s, I analyze changes in patterns of coauthorship, age structure and methodology, and their possible causes. The distribution of number of authors has shifted steadily rightward. In the last two decades, the fraction of older authors has almost quadrupled. Top journals are publishing many fewer papers that represent pure theory, regardless of subfield, somewhat less empirical work based on publicly available data sets, and many more empirical studies based on data collected by the author(s) or on laboratory or field experiments. (JEL A14)

<https://pubs.aeaweb.org/doi/pdfplus/10.1257/jel.51.1.162>

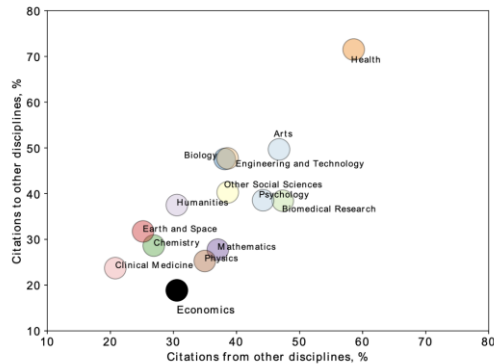


Figure 1. Citations in and out of disciplines by discipline. Source: Van Noorden (2015).

How Did COVID-19 and Stabilization Policies Affect Spending and Employment? A New Real-Time Economic Tracker Based on Private Sector Data

Raj Chetty, Harvard
John N. Friedman, Brown
Nathaniel Hendren, Harvard
Michael Stepner, Univ. of Toronto
and the Opportunity Insights Team

June 17, 2020

9 data providers and Near 45 authors !!!



Olivier Blanchard
@ojblanchard1

Enormously impressed by the webinar by Raj Chetty today

bcf.princeton.edu/event-director...

An amazing combination of how to put big data together, test hypotheses, and draw highly relevant policy conclusions. This is 21st century economic research. I feel old, but excited. Watch it.

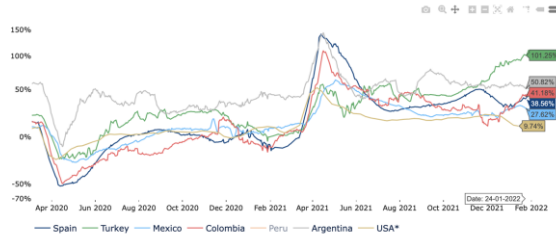
Traducir Tweet

[The Economic Impacts of COVID-19: Evidence from a New Public Database Built Using Private Sector Data](#)



What can it be used for?: (i) Economics in Real Time...

BIG DATA CONSUMPTION INDICES: TOTAL CARD CONSUMPTION BY COUNTRY
(% year over year, 7D cumulative) Source: BBVA Research



Spending at BBVA POS by BBVA and non-BBVA customers plus spending by BBVA customers at non-BBVA POS. This data considers final expenditures, as not intermediate consumption is included. Therefore, the correspondence with national accounts household consumption is not fully equivalent. Reference for the methodology can be found in the publication "Tracking the COVID-19 Crisis with High-Resolution Transaction Data" and the weekly publications "The COVID-19 Impact on Consumption in Real Time and High Definition". *USA data provided by the Federal Bank of Chicago CARTS index.



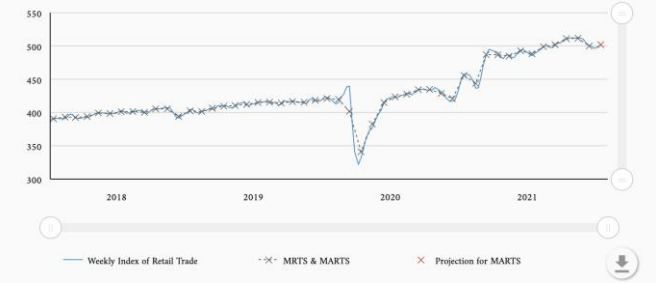
DAILY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY INDICATOR
3 February 2022



Source: Central Bank of Portugal

CARTS: Chicago Fed Advance Retail Trade Summary
January 28, 2022

Retail & Food Services Sales Ex. Auto
billions of \$, seasonally adjusted



Source: Chicago Fed

Source: BBVA Research

Weekly activity index for the German economy

Weekly activity index and GDP growth

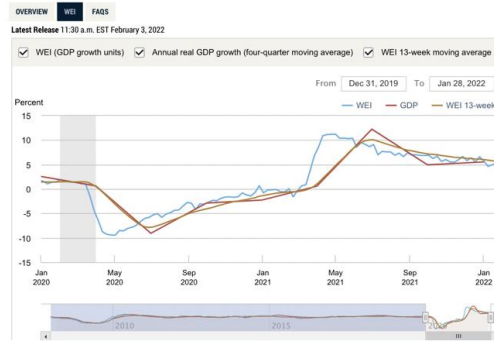


Deutsche Bundesbank

Source: Bundesbank

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK of NEW YORK

Weekly Economic Index (WEI)



Source: NY Fed

In the United States, as of February 04 2022, total job postings increased by 43.1% compared to January 2020.

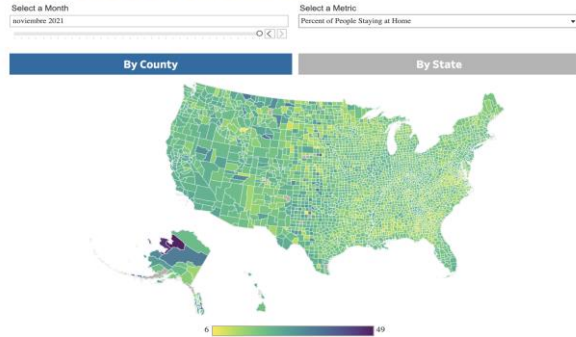


Source: Affinity

data source: Burning Glass Technologies

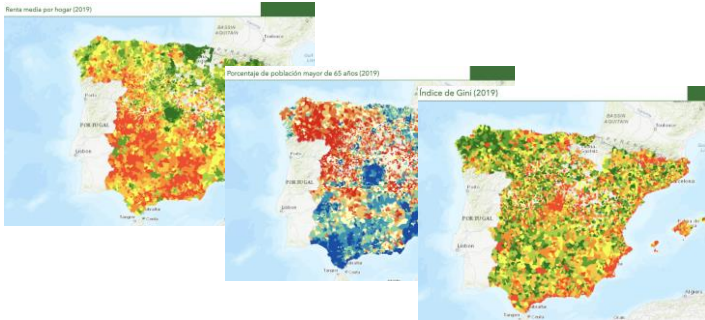
...(ii) High Definition Economics...

Average Percent of People Staying at Home per Day



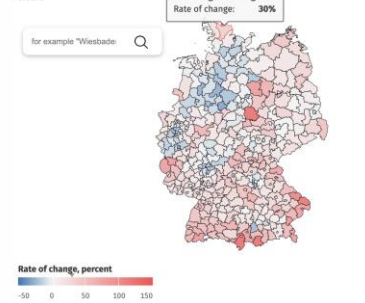
Source: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Trips by Distance, <https://data.bts.gov/Research-and-Statistics/Trips-by-Distance/090-F00>

<https://www.bts.gov/daily-travel>



https://www.ine.es/experimental/atlas/experimental_atlas.htm

Daily change in mobility at administrative district level compared to 2019 on 6 January 2022



<https://www.destatis.de/EN/Service/EXDAT/Datensaetze/mobility-indicators-mobilephone.html>

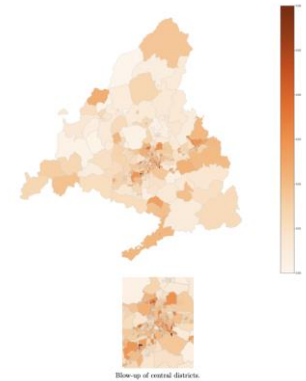
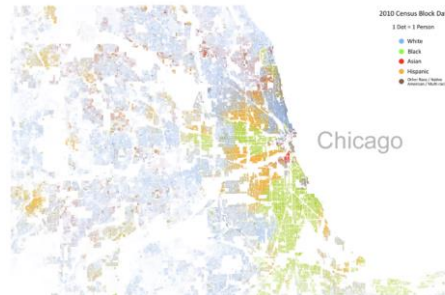
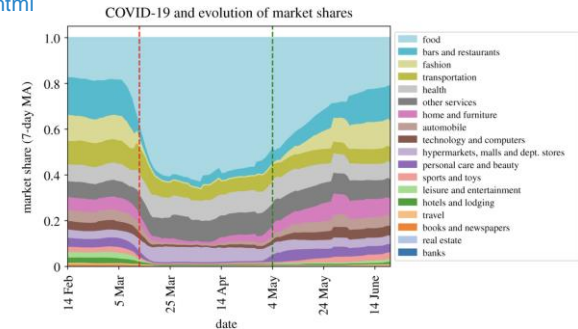


Fig. 18. Heat Map of Total Confirmed Cases per capita as of 8th of March in the Region of Madrid by 2020 with blow-up of central districts. Darker color indicates larger incidence.



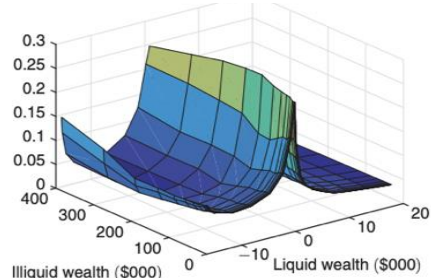
<https://fivethirtyeight.com/features/the-most-diverse-cities-are-often-the-most-segregated/>



<https://www.econ.cam.ac.uk/research/cwpe-abstracts?cwpe=2030>

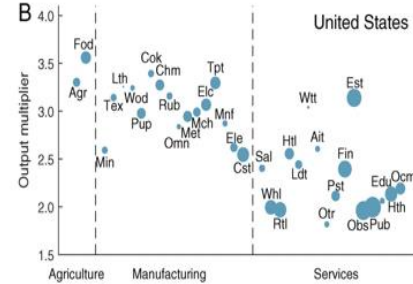
Potential application: "smart analysis for smart policies" on consumers, firms, cities, sustainability, etc

**Marginal Propension to Consume (500\$):
Liquid vs Illiquid Households**



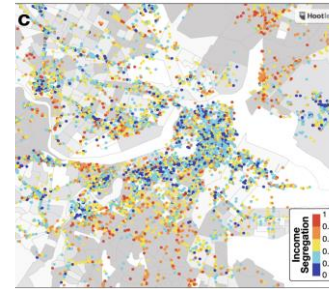
[Monetary Policy according to Hnak, Kaplan, Moll & Violante \(2018\)](#)

Output Multipliers in A Networked Economy



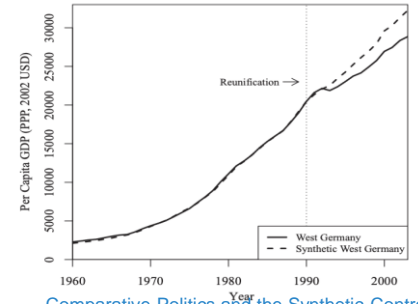
[How production networks amplify economic growth. PNAS \(2022\)](#)

Place and individual income segregation.



[Mobility patterns are associated with experienced income segregation in large US cities. Moro et al 2021 Nature](#)

The Effect of German Reunification (synthetic control)



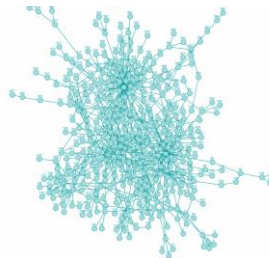
[Comparative Politics and the Synthetic Control Method. Abadie et al \(2018\)](#)

Effects of Covid on Education Progress By income



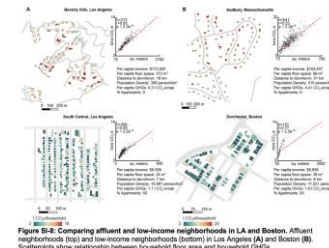
[The Economic Impacts of COVID-19: Evidence from a New Public Database Built Using Private Sector Data](#)

USA Input-Output Network



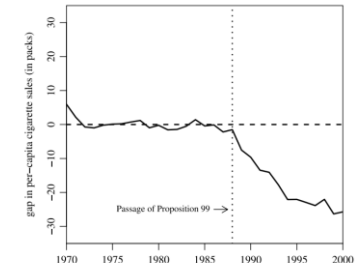
[Acemoglu, D., Carvalho V, Ozdaglar, A. & Tahbaz-Salehi The network origins of aggregate Fluctuations. Econometrica](#)

Household Co2 FootPrint According to different Characteristics



[The Carbon Footprint of the US. PNAS \(2020\)](#)

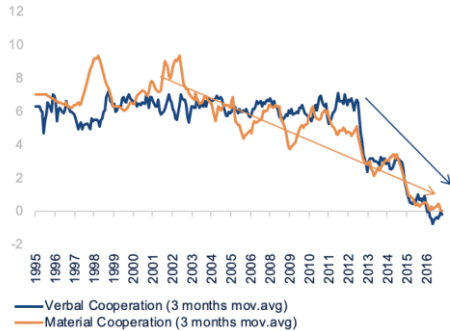
The Effect on Cigaretts consumption OI California Legislation



[Synthetic Control Methods for Comparative Case Studies: Estimating the Effect of California's Tobacco Control Program](#)

Turning text into Data: A view to understand narratives around key social, economic, and geopolitical issues (short term and structural)

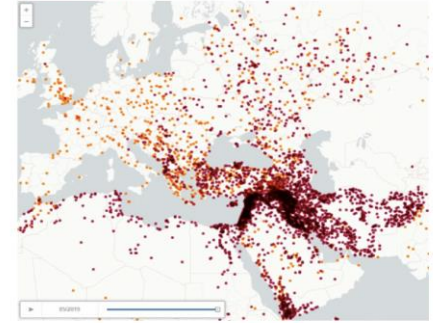
BBVA RESEARCH WORLD TRADE SUPPORT INDEX
(TONE & COVERAGE VERBAL COOPERATION AT WTO)



Map of mean UK labour market tightness
And Beveridge Curves



BBVA RESEARCH REFUGEES FLOWS MAP IN 2015-19
NUMBER OF MEDIA CITATIONS ABOUT REFUGEES' INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS



Source: www.gdelt.org & BBVA Research

Understanding The China Strategy through... The Chinese. Communist Party Files (2002-2017)

2002

2017

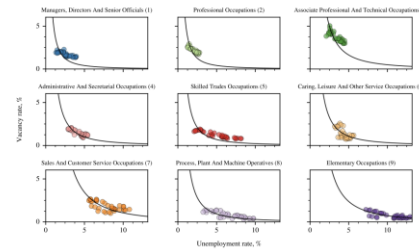
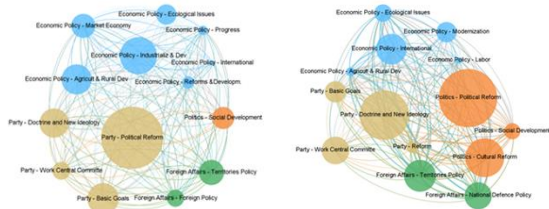
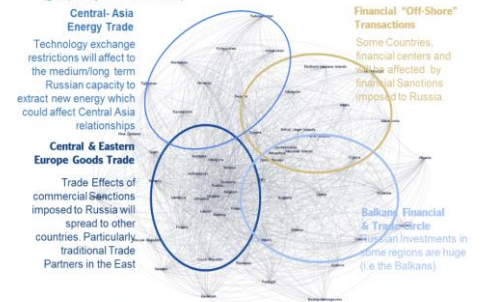


Figure 11: Beveridge curves (lines), estimated with Reed data, and Reed data (points) in w-e space for each 1-digit SOC code at quarterly frequency. Source: Reed, ONS.

[Transforming naturally occurring text data into economic statistics: the case of online job vacancy postings \(NBER\)](#)

Russian Sanctions Spill-Over Network
(grouped by different clusters)



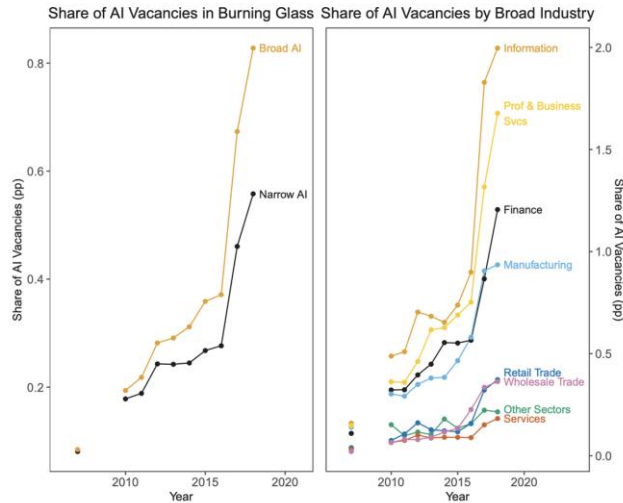
Source: www.gdelt.org & BBVA Research

For all this reasons, it is a toolbox where expertise is on high demand

AI AND JOBS: EVIDENCE FROM ONLINE VACANCIES

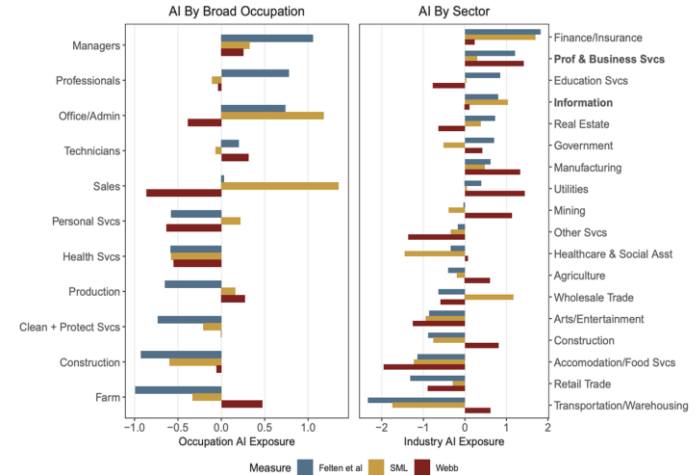
(Source: Acemoglu, D, Autor, D, Hazell, J & Restrepo NBER wp28257)

FIGURE 2: Share of AI Vacancies in Burning Glass



The left panel plots the share of vacancies in Burning Glass, that post a skill in the Broad or Narrow AI categories, as defined in the main text. The right panel plots the share of narrow AI vacancies in Burning Glass, by year, in each broad industry grouping.

FIGURE 3: AI Exposure by Broad Occupation and Sector



The left panel plots the average of the standardized measures of AI exposure across broad occupations. The right panel plots the average of the standardized measures of AI exposure across 2-digit NAICS sectors, by taking the mean across the 6 digit SOC occupations posted in each 2 digit NAICS sector, weighted by the number of vacancies posted by each sector in each occupation.

02

How do we use Big Data at BBVA Research

A Brief on BBVA Research Journey: our working process

Databases

GDELT (News),
Social Media
Policy Docs,
Google Trends,
BBVA BigData

Data Processing

Query,
Extract, Parse
& Collect
the data

Analysis

Clean,
Aggregate
Transform,
Validate &
Analyze the
data

Visualization

Fuse, Visualize
& Present the
Big Data
Analysis



Reassuring data management process



Data
Ingestion



Data
Protection



Data
Quality

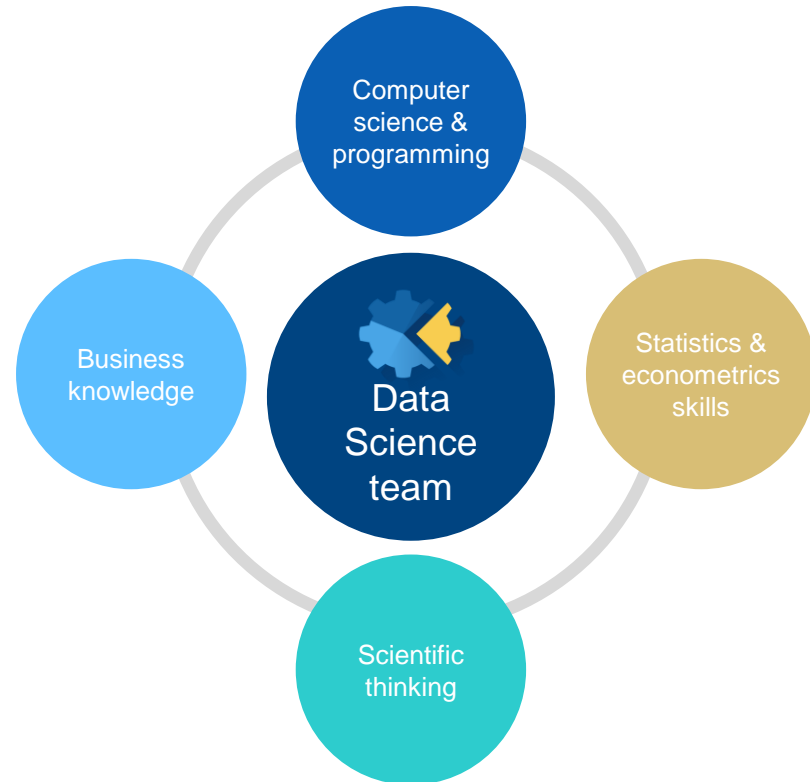


Data
Representativity



Data
Analytics

We work with interdisciplinarity teams –inhouse and external– to be able to keep ourselves as close as possible to the frontier



Our external collaborators



Big Data at BBVA Research: our main lines of analysis working with internal and external databases



Text as Data

(Macroeconomics, Politics, Geopolitics, society, communication strategy,...)



National Accounts in Real Time & High Definition

(Macroeconomic & Sectorial analysis)



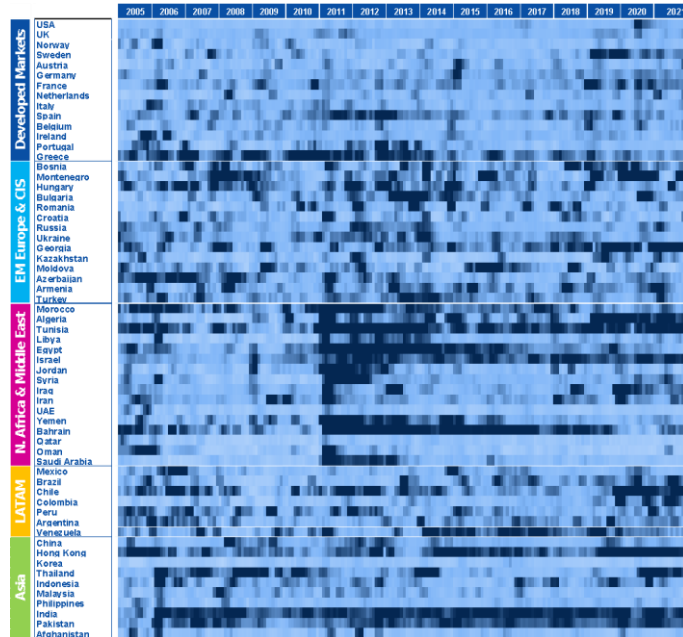
Structural & Policy Analysis In real Time

(Bank transactions Determinants, Monetary Policy, Saving Rates, e-commerce, Network analysis, sustainable lyfe styles,...)

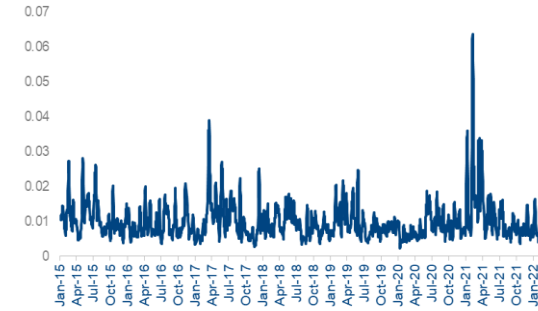
Analyzing geopolitics and social trends from news...

Text as Data

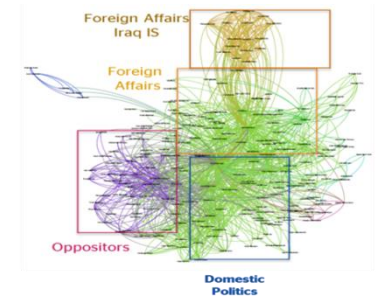
MONTHLY WORLD PROTEST INTENSITY MAP 2005 - 2022



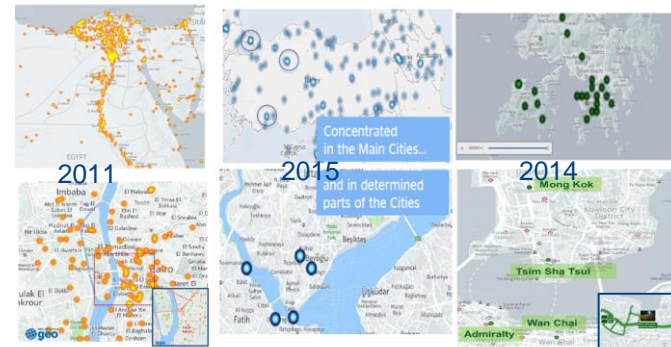
Turkey Protest Intensity Index



Turkey politics Network



Protest Intensity Index – Geolocated data



Source: www.qdelt.org & BBVA Research

... to economic issues from news and social media...

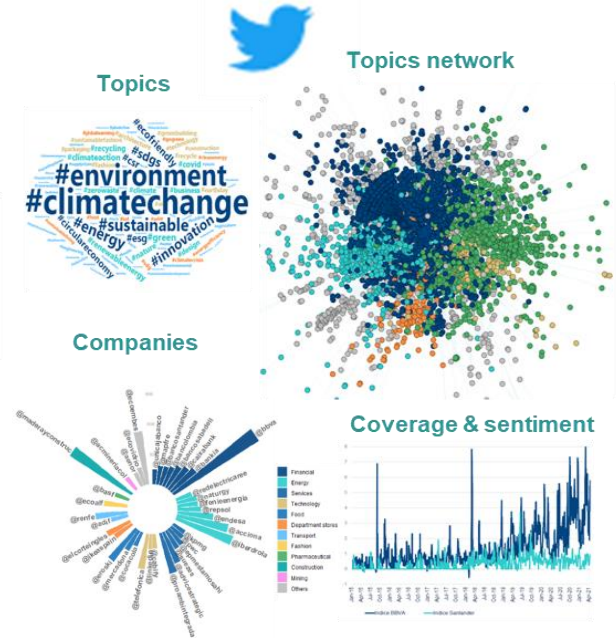
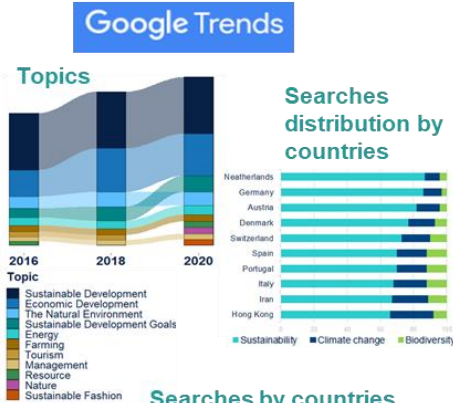
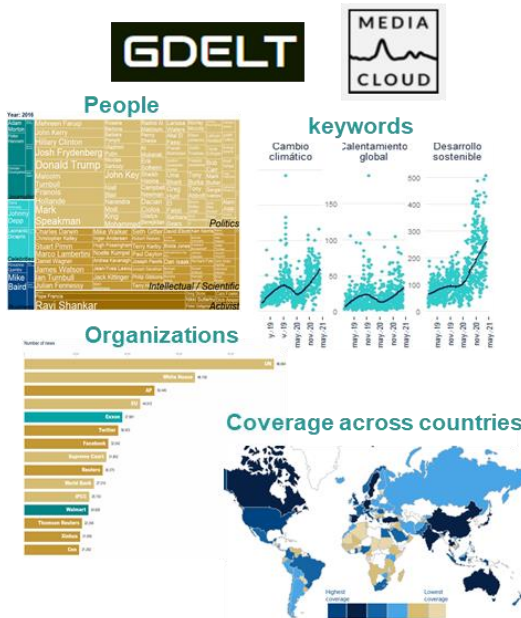
Text as Data

Understanding Sustainability framework using Big Data

What does the society receive from the media?

What the society is looking for?

What the society is talking about?

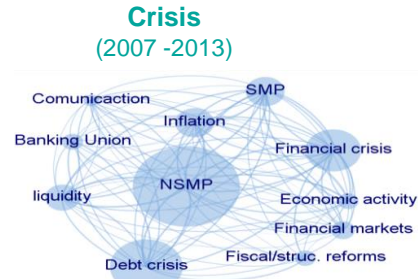
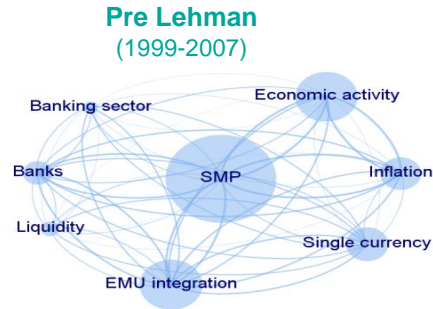


... to monetary policy analysis from official reports across countries

Text as Data

Monetary Policy in Developed Economies and Response in the Emerging Markets (Networks)

ECB Identified topics



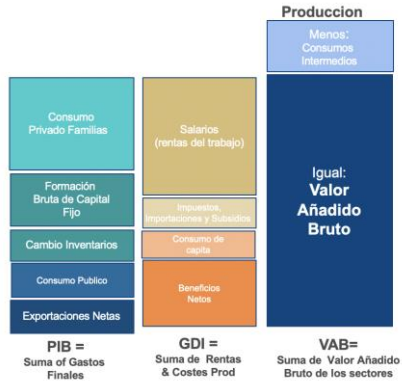
CBRT Identified topics



Working with bank's data, Economics, Sectoral analysis (towards its use on issues such as sustainability)

National Accounts in Real Time & High Definition

National accounts in Real Time & HD



From cards and accounts movements...



... for Spain, Mexico, Turkey, Colombia, Argentina and Peru

Real Time Networks (Input Output tables)



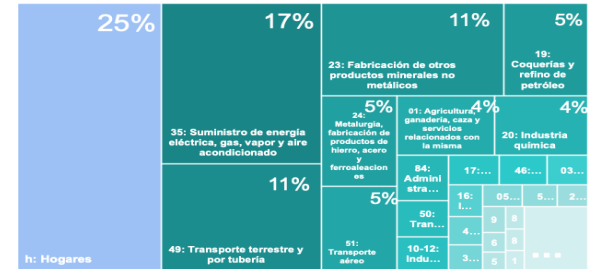
Tabla Input-Output Flujos Transferencias BBVA (CNAE, incluye sólo Clientes)

- A- Agricultura, ganadería, pesca
- B- Industrias extractivas
- C- Industria manufacturera
- D- Energía eléctrica, gas, vapor y aire acon.
- E- Suministro de agua, saneamiento, residuos
- F- Construcción
- G- Comercio por mayor & menor; rep. vehículos
- H- Transporte y almacenamiento
- I- Hostelería
- J- Información y comunicaciones
- K- Act. financieras y de seguros
- L- Act. inmobiliarias
- M- Act. profesionales, científicas y técnicas
- N- Act. administrativas y servicios auxiliares
- O- Admón. Pública y defensa; Seg. Social
- P- Educación
- Q- Actividades sanitarias y de servicios sociales
- R- Act. artísticas y Ocio
- S- Otros servicios
- T- Hogares doméstico y prod. bienes y servicios
- U- Organizaciones y organismos

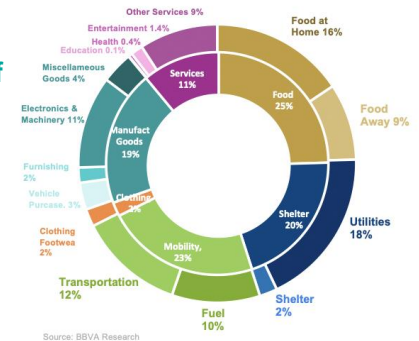
Fuente: BBVA Research

Analyzing the relationship between financial and real input-output tables

Sustainability in Real Time & HD



Spain: Distribution of household Co2 footprint by Items 2019 (% of total Co2 Emissions by Households)



Source: BBVA Research

From replicating aggregate series to providing granular data, not available(yet) using national accounts, more “micro” uses

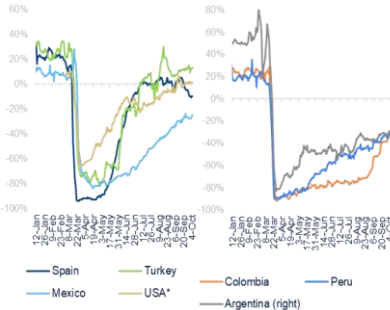
National Accounts in Real Time & High Definition

Consumption data

By sector

Health, Transport, Restaurants, Entertainment, Hotels, Food,...

Consumption in restaurants



Online / Offline

Performance of online vs face-to-face purchases

Spain



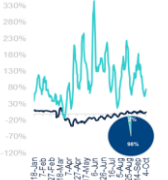
USA



Turkey



Mexico



Card purchase / ATM withdrawal

Spain

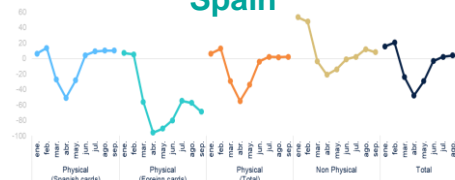


Colombia



By nationality

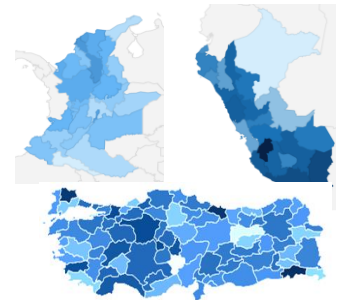
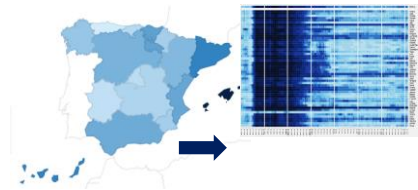
Spain



By geography

Regions, cities and even postal codes

Consumption by region



... reaching high frequency data in countries across categories

National Accounts in Real Time & High Definition

Big Data Consumption Indices: Total card consumption by country (7D cum yoy)



Spending at BBVA POS by BBVA and non-BBVA customers plus spending by BBVA customers at non-BBVA POS. This data considers final expenditures, so not intermediate consumption is included. Therefore, the correspondence with national accounts household consumption is not fully equivalent. Reference for the methodology can be found in the publication "Tracking the COVID-19 Crisis with High-Resolution Transaction Data" and the weekly publications "The COVID-19 impact on Consumption in Real Time and High Definition". *USA data provided by the Federal Bank of Chicago CARTS index.

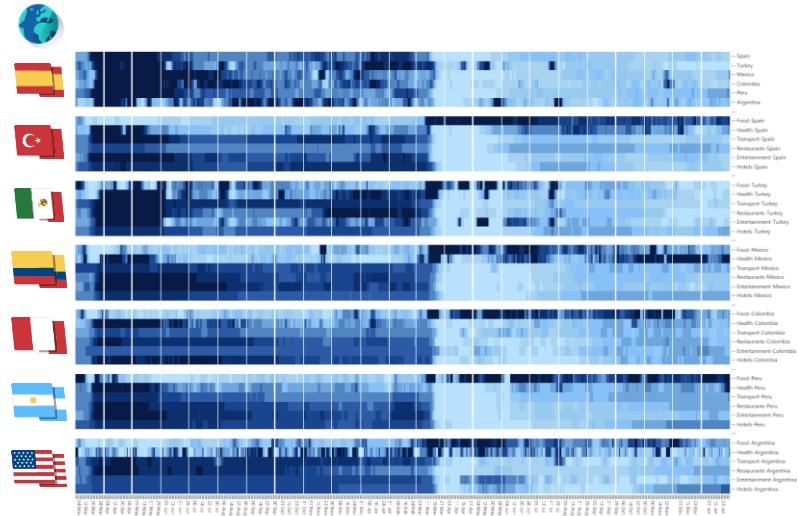
Publication calendar for consumption according to the National Institutes of Statistics by country



Data may be analyzed between 1-3 months ahead than the official figures

Source: BBVA Research

Big Data Consumption Heat Map (7D cum yoy)



Series are coloured according to the history of each series. The darker blue represents the upper 90% percentile and the lighter one represents the lower 10% percentile. Reference for the methodology can be found in the publication "Tracking the COVID-19 Crisis with High-Resolution Transaction Data" and the weekly publications "The COVID-19 impact on Consumption in Real Time and High Definition".

Daily indicators are provided on our website with weekly updates

See [Carvalho et al \(2020\)](#) for further detail

Developing new models to exploit the advantage of real time but also information in high definition (sectoral Activity & Geography)

National Accounts in Real Time & High Definition

TURKEY: Big data information for Nowcasting and High Definition

Figure 7 Daily MAEs of equally weighted nowcast combinations between 2006Q1 and 2020Q3

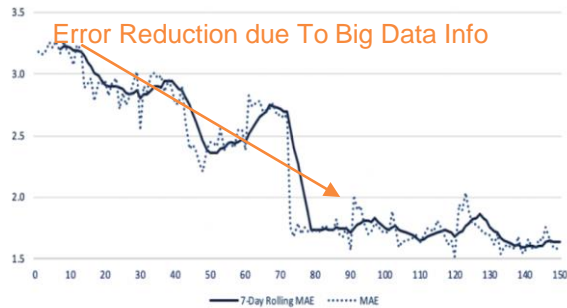
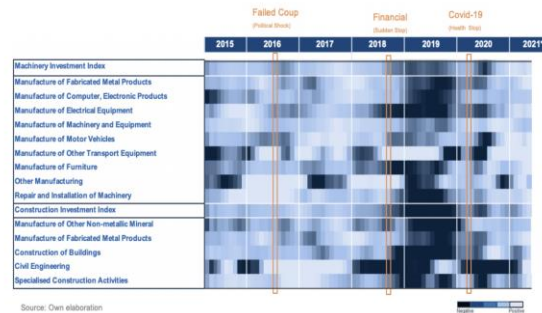
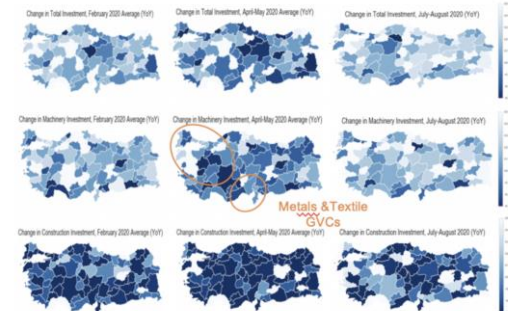


Figure 3 Big Data Investment Sectoral HeatMap
(% YoY Light Colours stand for positive growth rates and Dark Colours for negative rates)



Source: Own elaboration

Figure 4 Big Data Regional Investment Maps
(% YoY Light Colours stand for positive growth rates and Dark Colours for negative rates)



The Big Data Information give us
1-1/2 Months of advantage...

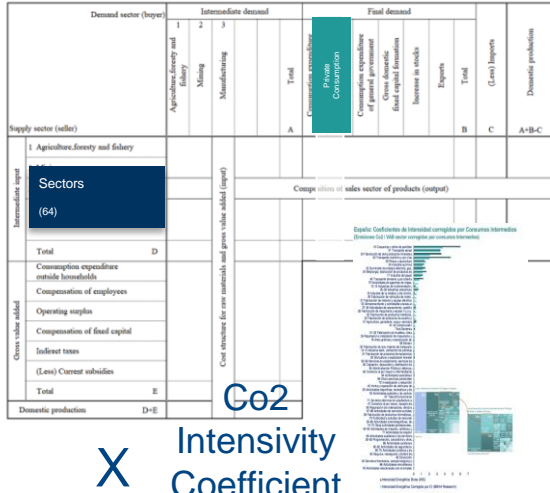
... for a highly detailed performance
of Fixed Assets ...

... at a Provincial (or higher)
Level...
Given geolocalized information

Estimating the household Co2 Footprint from the input-output analysis, distributing sectoral production to consumption categories

Sustainability in Real Time & High Definition

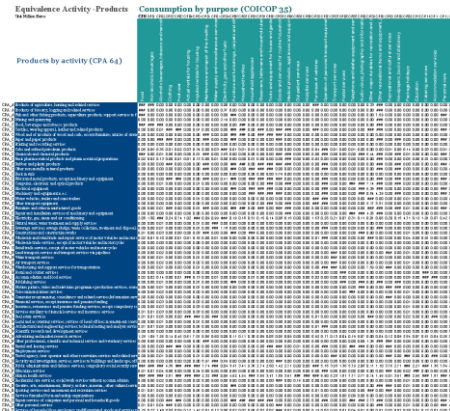
SPAIN: INPUT-OUTPUT TABLES



X Intensity Coefficient
(Co2 Kg/GVA)

A mix of IO tables & Sustainability coefficients

SPAIN: EQUIVALENCE PRODUCTS-CONSUMPTION

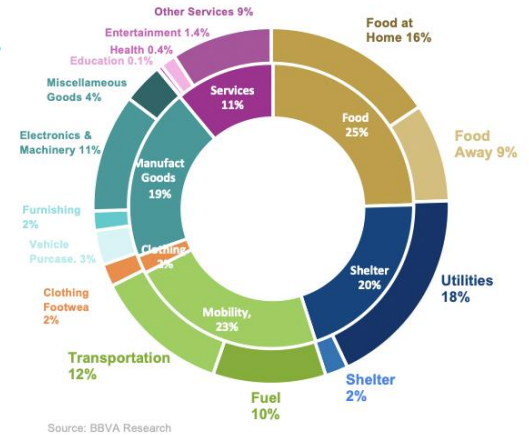


64 Sectores

We translate Products in IO to Consumption items of Households

16 Categorías

SPAIN: DISTRIBUTION HOUSEHOLDS CO2 FOOTPRINT



Source: BBVA Research

We build up distributions of Co2 Footprints of Household Consumers

Analyzing Cash Vs Card Consumption Patterns in Mexico: A Machine Learning Approach

Structural & Policy Analysis in real time

Joint collaboration with Clarity AI ([paper](#))

Card data

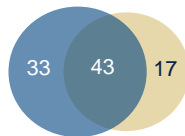
BBVA

card spending using BBVA cards transactions

- ✓ 3.2 billion transactions
- ✓ 32 states
- ✓ 344 types of consumption categories.



Data for 2017-2018
municipalities



Cash data

frogtex

purchases made in cash at convenience stores

- ✓ 62 million transactions
- ✓ 12 states in Mexico
- ✓ 171 types of products
- ✓ 1835 shops

CARD SPENDING BUDGET SHARE BY MUNICIPALITY (2017 vs 2018)



CASH SPENDING BUDGET SHARE BY MUNICIPALITY (2017 vs 2018)

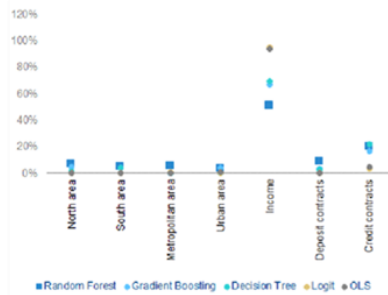


Inside the black box of machine learning: achieving model explainability based on Shapley values, capturing non linear relationships to explain consumption by payment channel

Structural & Policy Analysis in real time

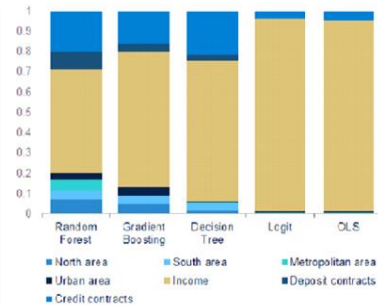
CONSUMPTION PATTERNS IN CASH

Figure 13. SHAPLEY SHARE COEFFICIENTS FOR CASH SPENDING MODELS BY VARIABLE



Source: own calculations. BBVA and Clarity. Models' order is based on models performance, from the best performance (random forest) to the worst one (OLS).

Figure 14. SHAPLEY SHARE COEFFICIENTS FOR CASH SPENDING MODELS BY MODEL



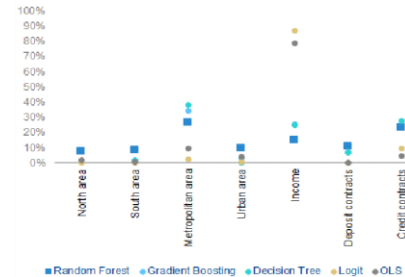
Source: own calculations. BBVA and Clarity. Models' order is based on models performance, from the best performance (random forest) to the worst one (OLS).

In line with the traditional theory, income remains the key variable in both linear and non linear in the case of cash spending

[Cash Vs Card Consumption Patterns in Mexico: A Machine Learning Approach](#)

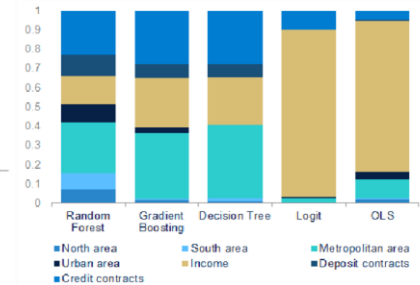
CONSUMPTION PATTERNS IN CARD

Figure 10. SHAPLEY SHARE COEFFICIENTS FOR CARD SPENDING MODELS BY VARIABLE



Source: own calculations. BBVA and Clarity. Models' order is based on models performance, from the best performance (random forest) to the worst one (OLS).

Figure 11. SHAPLEY SHARE COEFFICIENTS FOR CARD SPENDING MODELS BY MODEL



Source: own calculations. BBVA and Clarity. Models' order is based on models performance, from the best performance (random forest) to the worst one (OLS).

However, in card spending income is very relevant in the linear model, but urban and financial deepening are captured better in non-linear specifications

There are important advantages to using Big Data but we are in the early processes to guarantee *Robustness & Best Practices*....

Pros (Bank Transactions Data)	Big Data	Cons	More than 60 % of the time devoted to Robustness (minimize the cons)
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Real Time

High definition
(GeoLocalizacion)

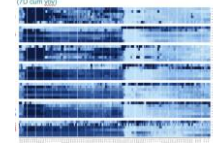
Rapid Response

Smart Policies

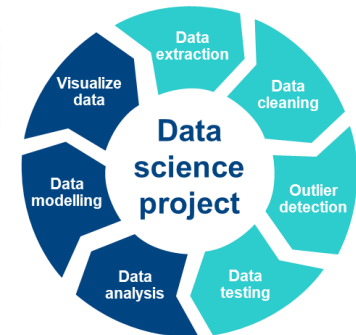
...

Balance Samples
 Stability
 Representativeness
 Seasonality &
 Outliers Treatment

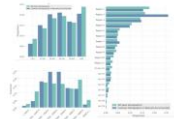
Big Data Consumption Heat Map



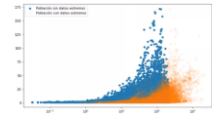
BBVA BIG DATA INVESTMENT INDICES



BBVA vs Spain: Age, Income & Region



Source: Study et al (2017), National Accounts in a World of Network: Clustering Data: An Application to Consumption



	Whole Series		Pre-COVID Series	
	RMSE	Δ RMSE	RMSE	Δ RMSE
Optimal	0.0250	0	0.0222	0
No Active Customer	0.1408	0.1158	0.1527	0.1305
Exclude Cash	0.0685	0.0435	0.0560	0.0338
Include Online	0.0272	0.0022	0.0263	0.0041
No Demographic Weighting	0.0264	0.0014	0.0238	0.0016
Non-consumption MCC	0.0254	0.0004	0.0224	0.0003
Raw Data	0.0835	0.0585	0.0677	0.0455

BBVA Retail Trade Index VS INE

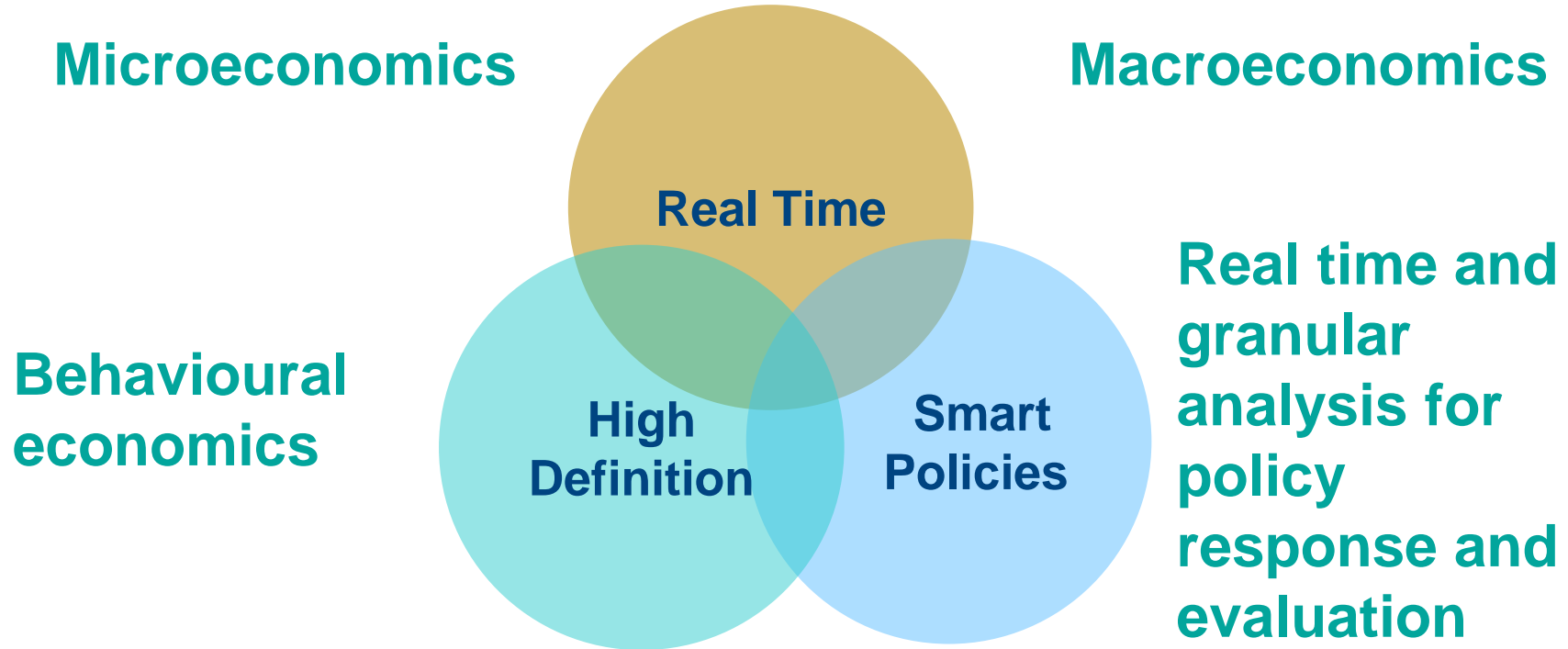


BBVA vs Spain: Proportions of Spending per COICOP



Source: World et al (2015), National Accounts in a World of Network: Clustering Data: An Application to Consumption

It is going to be one of the new frontiers of research, there's a huge potential to exploit



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Big Data in Economics: our journey in BBVA Research

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