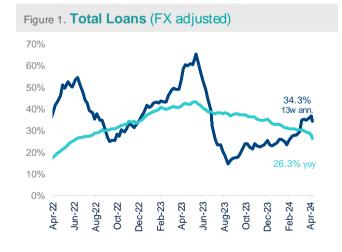


# Türkiye: Weekly Banking Tracker

Deniz Ergun 09 April 2024

- Foreign currency adjusted weekly credit growth has been decelerating since the start of April; and fell from 0.3% to 0% in the week ending by April 9<sup>th</sup>, due to commercial credits of both public and private banks. Total credits' 13-week annualized trend fell from 36.5% to 34.3%.
- TL credits' weekly growth has been falling since 2 weeks led by the strong deceleration in TL SME credits of both private and public banks which in fact turned into a weekly contraction last week. After a negative weekly growth in the 1<sup>st</sup> week of April, consumer credits accelerated in the 2<sup>nd</sup> week of April (which was also the week of Ramadan Bayram holidays in Türkiye) due to the general purpose loans of the sector. Consumer credit cards' growth also rose strongly in the sector.
- The ongoing strong weekly growth of FC credits seen throughout March turned into a weekly contraction as well led both SME and non-SME lending in the sector.
- In the case of deposits, TL deposits rose by TL 116.5bn, with the rise in TL time deposits of households & corporates and also TL demand deposits of official institutions. Residents' FC deposits rose by \$959mn led by the rise in hholds' gold deposits by \$850mn. Adjusted from price effects, FC deposits fell by 340mn on a weekly basis and by \$1.9bn year to date.
- The FC protected scheme (in US dollar terms) fell by almost \$500mn to USD 71.3bn after its increase by around \$1bn in the previous week. The share of TL deposits excluding FC protected scheme in total deposits rose to 43% (vs. the CBRT's target of 50% in 2024).
- Commercial credit rates fell by 284bps to 66.2% and consumer rates rose by 300bps to 82.1%. Increase in consumer rates was caused by the rise in auto rates which rose from 45.3% to 57%. General purpose loan rates remained at 83%.
- As released by the CBRT, TL deposit rates declined by 156bps to 58%. Among the brackets, the highest fall was in up to 6-month bracket with 188bps moving down to 59.3%. Highest TL deposit rate is in up to 3 months bracket with 65.9%.
- On FC deposit rates, EUR rates fell to 0.8%; and USD deposit rates fell to 1.88%. The highest FC deposit rates stand at up to 1-month maturity bracket in EUR with 0.9%; and in USD with 1.97%.
- The Non-Performing Loans (NPL) ratio of the sector rose to 1.53% (1.19% in public; 2% in private). The rise mainly stems from consumer credit cards which especially shows a fast increase since the start of March'24.



### 13-Week Average, Annualized Growth Rates (if not particularly specified)

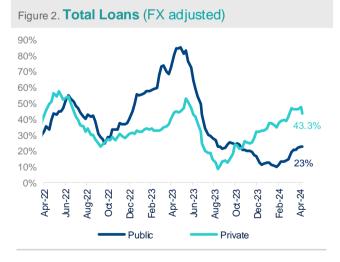
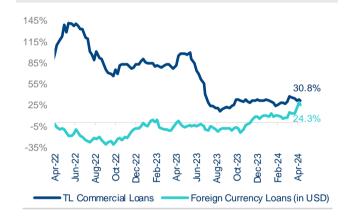
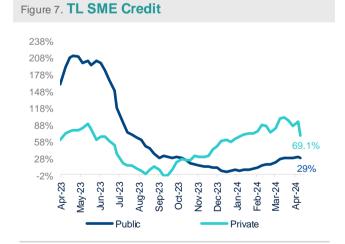


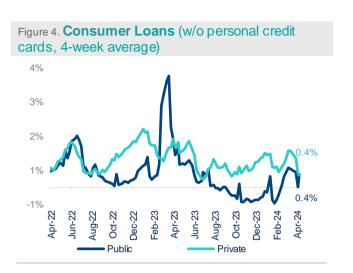


Figure 3. Consumer Loans in Segments (4-week average) 3% 1.8% 2% 1% 0.3% 0% , -0.3% -1% Apr-23 Oct-23 Jun-23 Aug-23 Apr-24 Dec-23 Feb-24 Housing General Purpose Automobile Personal Credit Cards

Figure 5. Commercial Loans (TL & USD)

















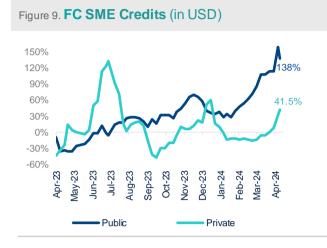


Figure 11. Deposit Growth (TL & FC in USD)



Figure 13. **Share of TL Deposits** (%, excluding FC Protected Deposits)



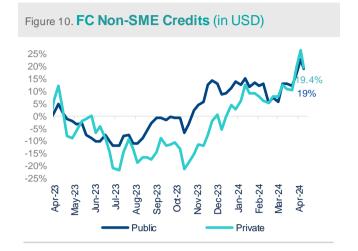
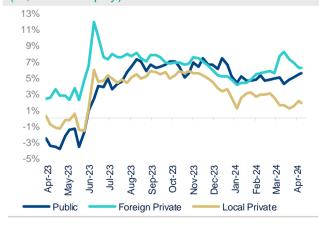


Figure 12. FC Protected Time Deposits (bn USD)



Figure 14. Net FC Position of the Deposit Banks (%, ratio to Equity)





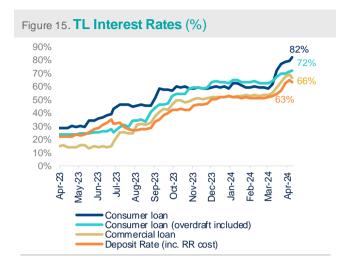


Figure 16. TL Deposit Interest Rates (%)

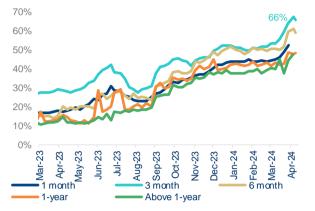


Figure 18. USD Deposit Interest Rates (4w avg %)

6% 5%

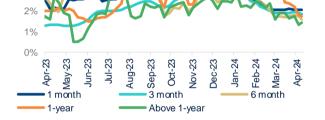
4%

3%



Figure 17. EURO Deposit Interest Rates (4w avg %)





## Figure 20. Interest Rate Spread (%, including TLRR cost)



excludes corporate overdraft account rates and corporate credit card rates.\*\* excludes other consumer overdraft account rates. \* The FX adj. credits are calculated using the revised methodology of the CBRT on the exchange rate adjustment:

Source: BRSA, CBRT and Garanti BBVA Research



## DISCLAIMER

This document has been prepared by BBVA Research Department. It is provided for information purposes only and expresses data, opinions or estimations regarding the date of issue of the report, prepared by BBVA or obtained from or based on sources we consider to be reliable, and have not been independently verified by BBVA. Therefore, BBVA offers no warranty, either express or implicit, regarding its accuracy, integrity or correctness.

Any estimations this document may contain have been undertaken according to generally accepted methodologies and should be considered as forecasts or projections. Results obtained in the past, either positive or negative, are no guarantee of future performance.

This document and its contents are subject to changes without prior notice depending on variables such as the economic context or market fluctuations. BBVA is not responsible for updating these contents or for giving notice of such changes.

BBVA accepts no liability for any loss, director indirect, that may result from the use of this document or its contents.

This document and its contents do not constitute an offer, invitation or solicitation to purchase, divest or enter into any interest in financial assets or instruments. Neither shall this document nor its contents form the basis of any contract, commitment or decision of any kind.

With regard to investment in financial assets related to economic variables this document may cover, readers should be aware that under no circumstances should they base their investment decisions on the information contained in this document. Those persons or entities offering investment products to these potential investors are legally required to provide the information needed for them to take an appropriate investment decision.

The content of this document is protected by intellectual property laws. Reproduction, transformation, distribution, public communication, making available, extraction, reuse, forwarding or use of any nature by any means or process is prohibited, except in cases where it is legally permitted or expressly authorised by BBVA.