

China Flash

GDP growth defies gravity at 8.9% y/y Q4

While China's GDP growth continues to moderate, the just-released fourth quarter outturn beat expectations at 8.9% y/y (BBVA: 8.2%; consensus: 8.7%), bringing full year growth for 2011 to 9.2% y/y (Charts 1 and 2). The resilient outturn appears due to continued strength of domestic demand, fuelled in part by a shift to a more expansionary policy stance during the quarter. This was underscored by today's release of better-than-expected December data on retail sales (18.1% y/y vs. consensus: 17.1%); industrial production and fixed asset investment also performed well (Charts 3 and 4). Today's data should help ease concerns of a rapid deceleration in China's growth, which have been heightened in recent weeks by declines in PMI indicators and weak imports. Going forward, we expect a further gradual moderation of growth in the first half of 2012, underpinned by additional monetary and fiscal policy support to offset downside risks from the weakening external environment. We anticipate 150-200bps of cuts in the RRR in the coming months, followed by up to two interest rate cuts toward the middle of the year.

- **Q4 GDP growth eased to 8.9% y/y from 9.1% y/y in the third quarter (Chart 1).** On a sequential basis, official quarterly growth moderated to 2.0% seasonally adjusted (8.2% annualized rate) from 2.3% in Q3.
- **For the year as a whole, GDP growth moderated to 9.2% (BBVA: 9.1%).** A rising contribution of consumption and investment helped offset a negative contribution from net exports. Although there are downside risks, our growth projection of around 8.5% for 2012 appears broadly on track. We expect growth to moderate in the first half of the year, and to recover thereafter from the effects of more expansionary policies, and assuming an improvement in the external environment.
- **December activity indicators were robust.** On the demand side, December retail sales growth rose to 18.1% y/y (consensus: 17.1%; BBVA: 17.3%), from 17.3% y/y in November. Urban fixed asset investment growth (YTD) eased to 23.8% y/y (consensus: 24.1%) from 24.5% y/y in November. On the supply side, industrial output growth rose to 12.8% y/y (consensus: 12.2%; BBVA: 12.0%) from 12.4% y/y in November. Taken together, the data show strong production and domestic demand conditions for the month of December. We caution, however, that the December data may be sensitive to seasonal effects from the forthcoming Chinese New Year holiday, resulting in some possible forward shifts in production and consumption (the holiday this year will occur in January rather than February last year).

Stephen Schwartz
stephen.schwartz@bbva.com.hk
+852 2582 3218

Zhigang Li
Zhigang.li@bbva.com.hk
+852 2582 3162

Fielding Chen
Fielding.chen@bbva.com.hk
+852-2582-3297

Chart 1
GDP growth continues to moderate at a gradual pace

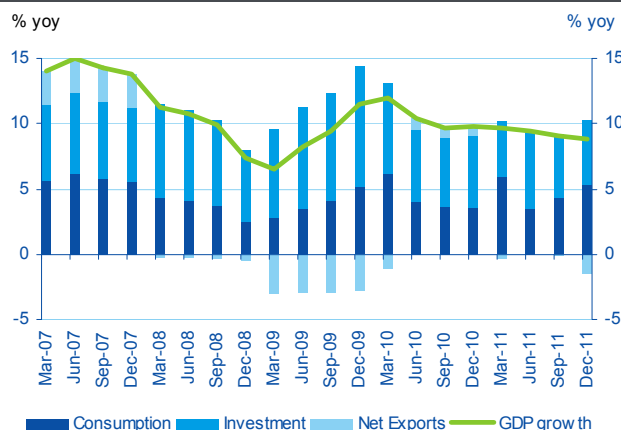


Chart 2
Full year growth underpinned by strong domestic demand

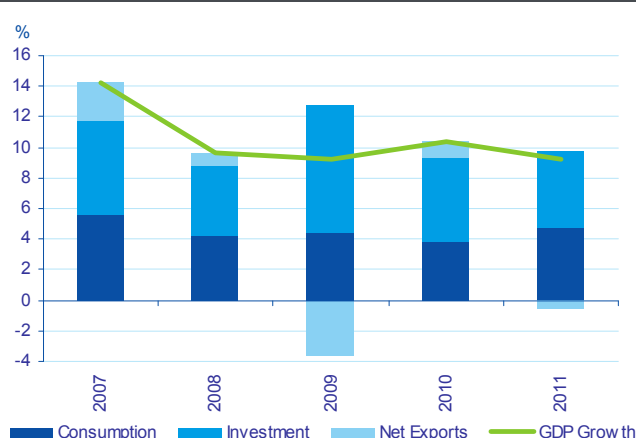


Chart 3

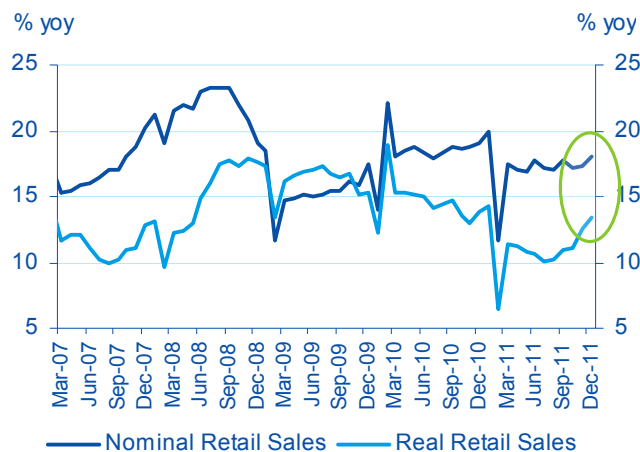
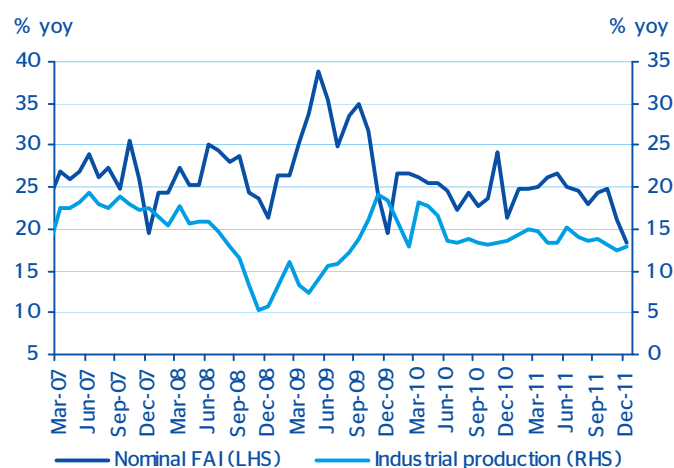
Rising retail sales reflect strong consumption

Chart 4

Industrial production is robust

RESEARCH

43/F., Two IFC, 8 Finance Street, Central, Hong Kong | Tel.: +852 2582 3111 | www.bbva-research.com

Before you print this message please consider if it is really necessary.

This email and its attachments are subject to the confidentiality terms established in the corresponding regulations and are intended for the sole use of the person or persons indicated in the header. They are for internal use only and cannot be distributed, copied, conveyed or furnished to third parties without prior written consent from BBVA. If this message has been received erroneously, it is forbidden to read, use or copy any of the contents and you are asked to inform BBVA immediately by forwarding the email to the sender and eliminating it thereafter.