

# **US** Weekly Flash

# **Highlights**

#### Fed Chairman Addresses Cautions on Economic Outlook

- Ben Bernanke spoke in his semiannual monetary policy report to Congress, reiterating most details that were highlighted in the latest FOMC meeting minutes. The Fed Chairman touched on the recent slowing in economic activity as well as the downside risks to growth, yet no new anecdotal information was revealed. In regards to the labor market, he noted that the slowing in employment growth throughout 2Q12 can only partially be attributed to seasonal adjustment issues and the unusually warm winter weather. The full extent to which these factors have contributed to the loss of labor market momentum will likely be clearer when July's data are released. Despite the recent declines in gas prices that have boosted consumer spending power, uncertain employment and income expectations have kept household confidence low.
- While the usual headwinds to the recovery remain, Bernanke emphasized the significance of the European fiscal and banking crisis and the U.S. fiscal cliff as the two main sources of risk moving forward. European authorities have taken "constructive steps" to improving the fiscal situation in the region, and the U.S. has been working to improve its financial system so as to avoid severe shocks. Still, Bernanke stressed that "European developments that resulted in a significant disruption in global financial markets would inevitably pose significant challenges for our financial system and our economy." Domestically, the impending fiscal cliff remains a significant risk to growth. As in previous statements, Bernanke once again underlined the importance of cooperation in Congress to address these fiscal challenges so as to avoid further deterioration in economic activity. Finally, the Chairman reiterated the Fed's commitment to take further action as appropriate, though he revealed no additional insight on the probability of QE3.

## Retail Sales Data Disappoint in June, Industrial Production Rebounds

- Retail sales declined for the third consecutive month, down 0.5% in June due in large part to a surprising drop in the auto component. Despite an increase in unit auto sales for the month, the nominal value of motor vehicle sales declined 0.6% following a 0.8% gain in the previous month. Excluding autos, retail sales declined 0.4%. As in the past three months, gasoline sales led the decline, dropping 1.8% in June. While declining gas prices have helped to improve consumers' spending power, the 0.5% drop in real retail sales suggests continued hesitation and uncertainty among consumers.
- In other news, industrial production recovered from previous weakness, increasing 0.4% in June after falling 0.2% in May, with the index reaching its highest level of the recovery. Total output was lead by the manufacturing sector, which gained 0.7% to offset the 0.7% decline in the previous month. Given the latest deterioration in other indicators on the sector, growth in manufacturing output is a positive surprise that should ease some worries on slowing activity. While the growth in manufacturing and total output is certainly good news, the data are not necessarily enough to convince FOMC members that we are out of the woods just yet.

## Upward Pressure on Core Inflation Continues

- The consumer price index was unchanged in June following a 0.3% decline in May. Energy prices continued to decline for the third consecutive month, down 1.4% due in large part to a 2.0% drop in the gasoline index. Food prices helped to offset some of the energy price declines, gaining 0.2% after remaining unchanged in the previous month. Headline inflation remained steady at 1.7% on a YoY basis, in line with our models which suggest an annual rate near 2.0% for 2012.
- However, components other than food and energy continue to exert pressure on core inflation, which increased 0.2% for the fourth consecutive month. In general, inflation data for June are unlikely to have much influence in the next FOMC meeting. Views on the risk of higher inflation will remain divided given the disparity between headline and core figures.

## Week Ahead

## New Home Sales (June, Wednesday 10:00 ET)

Forecast: 373K Consensus: 372K Previous: 369K

The housing sector has been showing signs of improvement, but activity involving new homes has been a weak spot in the recovery. New home sales are expected to increase only slightly in June after increasing 7.6% in May and declining in March and April. Other housing data for the month have been relatively positive, with new housing starts reflecting a modest boost in demand. Furthermore, homebuilder confidence in June reached the highest level of the recovery, suggesting that activity continued to gain momentum from previous months.

#### Durable Goods Orders, Ex Transportation (June, Thursday 8:30 ET)

Forecast: 0.2%, -0.3% Consensus: 0.3%, 0.0% Previous: 1.1%, 0.4%

The usual monthly volatility in durable goods orders has not subsided in recent months, with the indicator jumping in May following two consecutive months of declines. The main driver is often the aircraft orders component, which is likely to grow at a slower pace in June after increasing in the previous month. Slowing in manufacturing activity will likely weigh on the headline figure, with most surveys for June suggesting decelerating new orders. On the bright side, increasing demand for autos may help keep durable goods orders in positive growth territory.

## Initial Jobless Claims (Week of July 21st, Thursday 8:30 ET)

Forecast: 380K Consensus: 380K Previous: 386K

Jobless claims dropped significantly in early July to the lowest level of the recovery, though most of this was due to the shortened holiday week. The second reading for the month jumped back up to levels more consistent with June's data, suggesting that labor market conditions remain weak. Claims data this time of year are usually volatile given the seasonal adjustments for summer retoolings and shutdowns in the auto sector. It is unlikely that the employment situation has improved dramatically over June given weak consumer prospects regarding current conditions and future income and job availability.

## GDP, Advance Estimate (2Q12, Friday 8:30 ET)

Forecast: 1.9% Consensus: 1.4% Previous: 1.9%

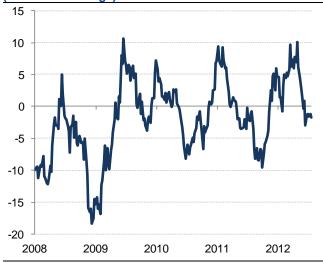
Economic activity has been mixed throughout the second quarter compared to the recovery strength seen earlier in 2012, yet we expect that GDP growth will continue at similar QoQ annualized pace. In regards to the underlying GDP components, improvements in trade and production data will likely offset some of the slowing in inventory and real PCE growth. On average, the trade balance in 2Q12 was slightly better compared to 1Q12 given the improvement in May and the rebound in export growth. Furthermore, industrial production has fared slightly better in the second quarter in terms of average monthly growth. On the downside, inventory growth has been slower compared to the first quarter. Also, real PCE has increased only 0.1% per month on average in 2Q12 thus far compared to more than 0.2% in 1Q12. Still, we expect that the pace of overall GDP growth will not change significantly from the previous quarter.

#### Market Impact

Markets will focus mostly on the 2Q12 GDP release, though low expectations will likely result in a downbeat market for the week. Mixed data in recent months have increased uncertainty regarding the strength of the recovery, leaving markets highly sensitive to upcoming housing, manufacturing, and consumer data.

## **Economic Trends**

Graph 3
BBVA US Weekly Activity Index
(3 month % change)



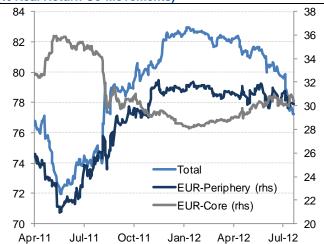
Source: BBVA Research

Graph 5
BBVA US Surprise Inflation Index
(Index 2009=100)



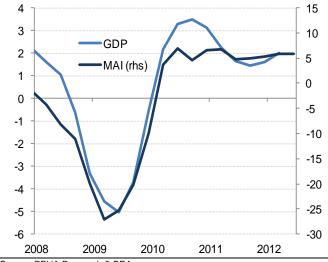
Source: BBVA Research

Graph 7
Equity Spillover Impact on US
(% Real Return Co-Movements)



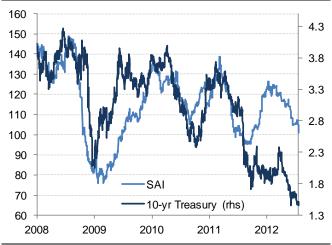
Source: BBVA Research

Graph 4
BBVA US Monthly Activity Index & Real GDP
(4Q % change)



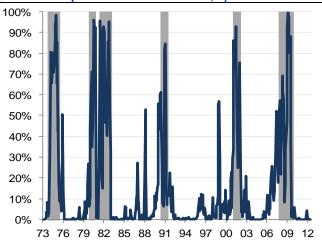
Source: BBVA Research & BEA

Graph 6
BBVA US Surprise Activity Index & 10-yr Treasury (Index 2009=100 & %)



Source: Bloomberg & BBVA Research

Graph 8
BBVA US Recession Probability Model
(Recession episodes in shaded areas,%)

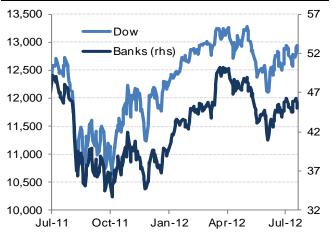


Source: BBVA Research

## **Financial Markets**

Graph 9
Stocks





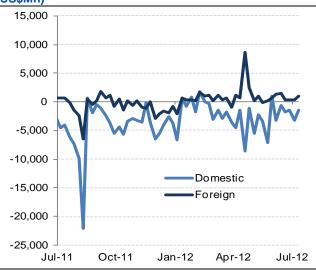
Source: Bloomberg & BBVA Research

Graph 11
Option Volatility & Real Treasury
(52-week avg. change)



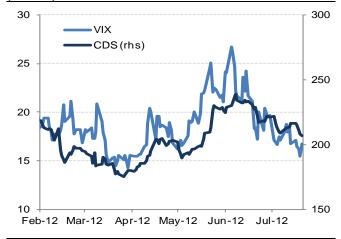
Source: Haver Analytics & BBVA Research

Graph 13
Long-Term Mutual Fund Flows
(US\$Mn)



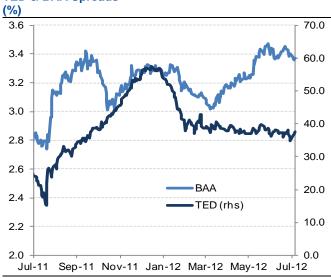
Source: Haver Analytics & BBVA Research

Graph 10
Volatility & High-Volatility CDS
(Indices)



Source: Bloomberg & BBVA Research

Graph 12 **TED & BAA Spreads** 



Source: Bloomberg & BBVA Research

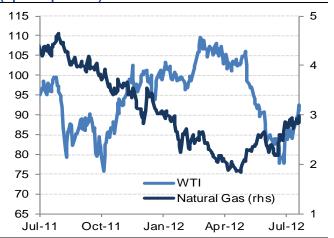
Graph 14
Total Reportable Short & Long Positions
(Short-Long, K)



Source: Haver Analytics & BBVA Research

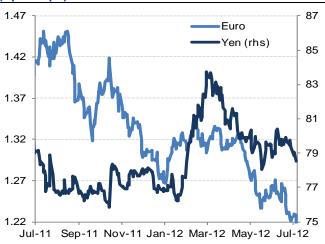
## **Financial Markets**

Graph 15
Commodities
(Dpb & DpMMBtu)



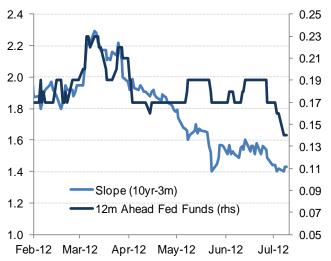
Source: Bloomberg & BBVA Research

Graph 17
Currencies
(Dpe & Ypd)



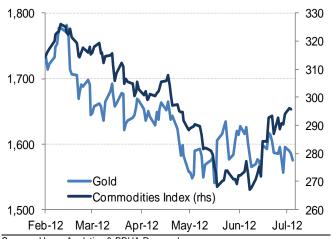
Source: Bloomberg & BBVA Research

Graph 19
Fed Futures & Yield Curve Slope
(% & 10year-3month)



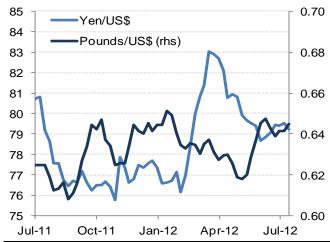
Source: Haver Analytics & BBVA Research

Graph 16
Gold & Commodities
(US\$ & Index)



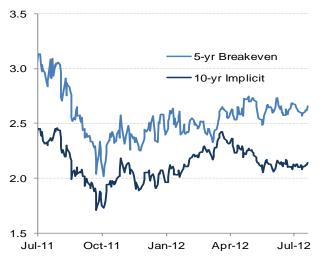
Source: Haver Analytics & BBVA Research

Graph 18 6-Month Forward Exchange Rates (Yen & Pound / US\$)



Source: Haver Analytics & BBVA Research

Graph 20
Inflation Expectations
(%)



Source: Bloomberg & BBVA Research

## Interest Rates

Table 1
Key Interest Rates (%)

			4-Weeks	Year	
	Last	Week ago	ago	ago	
Prime Rate	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	
Credit Card (variable)	14.10	14.10	14.10	13.73	
New Auto (36-months)	3.08	3.11	3.08	3.99	
Heloc Loan 30K	5.44	5.47	5.53	5.58	
5/1 ARM*	2.69	2.74	2.77	3.27	
15-year Fixed Mortgage *	2.83	2.86	2.95	3.66	
30-year Fixed Mortgage *	3.53	3.56	3.66	4.52	
Money Market	0.50	0.50	0.72	0.60	
2-year CD	0.85	0.82	0.90	1.04	

<sup>\*</sup>Freddie Mac National Mortgage Homeowner Commitment US

Source: Bloomberg & BBVA Research

Table 1
Key Interest Rates (%)

		Week	4-Weeks	Year
	Last	ago	ago	ago
1M Fed	0.13	0.19	0.17	0.06
3M Libor	0.45	0.46	0.47	0.25
6M Libor	0.73	0.73	0.74	0.42
12M Libor	1.06	1.07	1.07	0.75
2yr Sw ap	0.45	0.46	0.55	0.62
5yr Sw ap	0.81	0.85	1.01	1.78
10Yr Sw ap	1.60	1.62	1.81	3.06
30yr Sw ap	2.31	2.33	2.50	3.92
7day CP	0.21	0.21	0.34	0.21
30day CP	0.28	0.24	0.29	0.20
60day CP	0.33	0.23	0.31	0.24
90day CP	0.38	0.24	0.38	0.23

Source: Bloomberg & BBVA Research

## Quote of the Week

Ben Bernanke, Federal Reserve Chairman Bernanke Says Fed Can Remove 'Punch Bowl,' Curb Inflation 18 July 2012

"It will be a similar pattern to what we've seen in previous episodes where the Fed cut rates, provided support for the recovery, and when the recovery reached a point of takeoff where it could support itself on its own, then the Fed pulled back, took away the punch bowl."

# **Economic Calendar**

Date	Event	Period	Forecast	Survey	Previous
23-Jul	Chicago Fed National Activity Index	JUNE	-0.15		-0.45
25-Jul	New Home Sales	JUNE	373K	372K	369K
25-Jul	New Home Sales (MoM)	JUNE	1.08%	0.80%	7.60%
26-Jul	Durable Goods Orders	JUNE	0.20%	0.30%	1.10%
26-Jul	Durable Goods Orders Ex Transportation	JUNE	-0.30%	0.00%	0.40%
26-Jul	Initial Jobless Claims	21-Jul	380K	380K	386K
26-Jul	Continuing Claims	14-Jul	3310K	3300K	3314K
26-Jul	Pending Home Sales (MoM)	JUNE	0.20%	0.90%	5.90%
27-Jul	GDP QoQ Annualized	2Q12 A	1.90%	1.40%	1.90%
27-Jul	Personal Consumption	2Q12 A	1.80%	1.40%	2.50%
27-Jul	GDP Price Index	2Q12 A	1.50%	1.60%	2.00%
27-Jul	Core PCE QoQ	2Q12 A	1.80%	1.90%	2.30%
27-Jul	U. of Michigan Consumer Sentiment	JULY	72.00	72.50	72.00

### **Forecasts**

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Real GDP (% SAAR)	1.7	2.3	2.2	2.5
CPI (YoY %)	3.2	2.5	2.2	2.4
CPI Core (YoY %)	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.9
Unemployment Rate (%)	9.0	8.2	7.8	7.4
Fed Target Rate (eop, %)	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.50
10Yr Treasury (eop, % Yield)	2.0	2.2	2.7	3.1
US Dollar/ Euro (eop)	1.31	1.25	1.31	1.31

Note: Bold numbers reflect actual data

Kim Fraser @bbvacompass.com





2001 Kirby Drive, Suite 31, Houston, Texas 7701 | Tel.: +34 91 374 60 00 | www.bbvaresearch.com

#### **DISCLAIMER**

This document and the information, opinions, estimates and recommendations expressed herein, have been prepared by Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria, S.A. (hereinafter called "BBVA") to provide its customers with general information regarding the date of issue of the report and are subject to changes without prior notice. BBVA is not liable for giving notice of such changes or for updating the contents hereof.

This document and its contents do not constitute an offer, invitation or solicitation to purchase or subscribe to any securities or other instruments, or to undertake or divest investments. Neither shall this document nor its contents form the basis of any contract, commitment or decision of any kind

Investors who have access to this document should be aware that the securities, instruments or investments to which it refers may not be appropriate for them due to their specific investment goals, financial positions or risk profiles, as these have not been taken into account to prepare this report. Therefore, investors should make their own investment decisions considering the said circumstances and obtaining such specialized advice as may be necessary. The contents of this document is based upon information available to the public that has been obtained from sources considered to be reliable. However, such information has not been independently verified by BBVA and therefore no warranty, either express or implicit, is given regarding its accuracy, integrity or correctness. BBVA accepts no liability of any type for any direct or indirect losses arising from the use of the document or its contents. Investors should note that the past performance of securities or instruments or the historical results of investments do not guarantee future performance.

The market prices of securities or instruments or the results of investments could fluctuate against the interests of investors. Investors should be aware that they could even face a loss of their investment. Transactions in futures, options and securities or high-yield securities can involve high risks and are not appropriate for every investor. Indeed, in the case of some investments, the potential losses may exceed the amount of initial investment and, in such circumstances, investors may be required to pay more money to support those losses. Thus, before undertaking any transaction with these instruments, investors should be aware of their operation, as well as the rights, liabilities and risks implied by the same and the underlying stocks. Investors should also be aware that secondary markets for the said instruments may be limited or even not exist.

BBVA or any of its affiliates, as well as their respective executives and employees, may have a position in any of the securities or instruments referred to, directly or indirectly, in this document, or in any other related thereto; they may trade for their own account or for third-party account in those securities, provide consulting or other services to the issuer of the aforementioned securities or instruments or to companies related thereto or to their shareholders, executives or employees, or may have interests or perform transactions in those securities or instruments or related investments before or after the publication of this report, to the extent permitted by the applicable law.

BBVA or any of its affiliates' salespeople, traders, and other professionals may provide oral or written market commentary or trading strategies to its clients that reflect opinions that are contrary to the opinions expressed herein. Furthermore, BBVA or any of its affiliates' proprietary trading and investing businesses may make investment decisions that are inconsistent with the recommendations expressed herein. No part of this document may be (i) copied, photocopied or duplicated by any other form or means (ii) redistributed or (iii) quoted, without the prior written consent of BBVA. No part of this report may be copied, conveyed, distributed or furnished to any person or entity in any country (or persons or entities in the same) in which its distribution is prohibited by law. Failure to comply with these restrictions may breach the laws of the relevant jurisdiction.

In the United Kingdom, this document is directed only at persons who (i) have professional experience in matters relating to investments falling within article 19(5) of the financial services and markets act 2000 (financial promotion) order 2005 (as amended, the "financial promotion order"), (ii) are persons falling within article 49(2) (a) to (d) ("high net worth companies, unincorporated associations, etc.") Of the financial promotion order, or (iii) are persons to whom an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the financial services and markets act 2000) may otherwise lawfully be communicated (all such persons together being referred to as "relevant persons"). This document is directed only at relevant persons and must not be acted on or relied on by persons who are not relevant persons. Any investment or investment activity to which this document relates is available only to relevant persons and will be engaged in only with relevant persons. The remuneration system concerning the analyst/s author/s of this report is based on multiple criteria, including the revenues obtained by BBVA and, indirectly, the results of BBVA Group in the fiscal year, which, in turn, include the results generated by the investment banking business; nevertheless, they do not receive any remuneration based on revenues from any specific transaction in investment banking.

BBVA is not a member of the FINRA and is not subject to the rules of disclosure affecting such members.

"BBVA is subject to the BBVA Group Code of Conduct for Security Market Operations which, among other regulations, includes rules to prevent and avoid conflicts of interests with the ratings given, including information barriers. The BBVA Group Code of Conduct for Security Market Operations is available for reference at the following web site: www.bbva.com / Corporate Governance".

BBVA is a bank supervised by the Bank of Spain and by Spain's Stock Exchange Commission (CNMV), registered with the Bank of Spain with number 0182.