



Weekly Observatory

December 26th, 2008

Weekly Highlights (December 19th – December 26th, 2008)

Latest activity data for 3T08 in Argentina, Colombia and Mexico confirm that a slowdown is taking place. In Brazil and Peru, on the other hand, domestic credit does not seem to show –as of November- a significant quantitative adjustment to the crisis. Financial markets maintained the stability tone that has been characteristic of much (most?) of December. Country risk recorded mild but generalized reductions. Exchange rates and stocks registered marginal changes, with the exception of Argentina and Brazil, where stock indexes endured intense falls.

1. Argentina

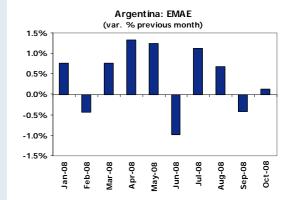
- International trade data shows an important adjustment during November. Both export (-5.8% y/y) and import (-5.4% y/y) figures reflect the impact of shrinking trade flows. The **trade surplus** for the full year could rise to about USD 14 billion.
- November's **monthly industrial production index (EMI)** declined by 0.7% m/m (seasonally adjusted series) and remained unchanged on a year-on-year basis. The contraction in Car Manufacturing and Basic Metal industries was not compensated by the positive performance of Food and Chemical industries.
- During October, **economic activity** (measured by EMAE) increased only by 0.1% m/m s.a., (5.2/ y/y), an early sign of the slow down that will be observed during the last quarter of the year.

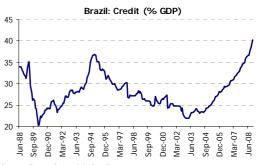
2. Brazil

- **Credit** increased 2% from October to November, taking the credit-to-GDP ratio from 39.6% to 40.3%. Corporate and household loans increased 3% and 0.1%, respectively. Hence, credit is expanding despite the ongoing international financial crisis. A cautionary note on this regard is that part of this growth might be related to a shift from international to domestic sources of financing, to compensate for the loss of external credit.
- According to the Central Bank, credit would increase 18% in 2009 (against 33% in 2008), enabling the credit-to-GDP ratio to reach 43%.

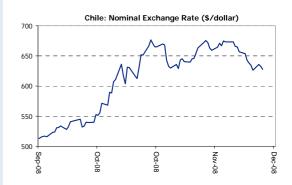
3. Chile

- The announced takeover of D&S (leading local supermarket operator with a 34% market share) by Wal-Mart, boosted the stock exchange and positively affected the country risk and currency value, which appreciation 1.2% by the end of the week.
- We expect a worsening of the activity and employment indicators for November (to be released on Tuesday 30).





Source: Banco Central do Brasil



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4. Colombia

- In the 3Q08 Gross Domestic Product grew 3.1% q/q, as expected by the market. The result shows an important improvement in the construction sector, mainly driven by an increase in heavy constructions. On the demand side, investment continues to grow at a high pace, surprising the market. Also the DANE revised up GDP growth in 2Q08 to 3.8%
- In November **cement production and sales** decreased 11.7% and 17.6% y/y, respectively. Also, construction permits shrank 34.2% y/y in October. These results show a decline in starting projects for 4Q08.

5. Mexico

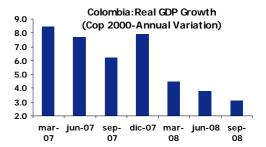
• Aggregate demand data for 3Q08 shows favorable results for private consumption (3.3% yoy) and investment (7.9%) even though there are signs of deceleration. Net exports contribution to growth was negative given that exports grew only 2.3% y/y while imports increased 8.1% y/y. The trade balance deficit for November was the highest since 1980. CPI inflation for the first half of December almost doubled the expected figure (0.45% vs. 0.21%). Hence, annual CPI inflation could reach 6.8% by the end of 2008.

6. Peru

- **Credit**. In November, credit to the private sector kept growing at a pace similar to that in previous months (37.3% y/y against 37.6% in October). This expansion was common to all credit types. In terms of currency, credit in local currency showed the highest growth rate (48.7% y/y against 47.0% in October), particularly in the mortgage segment (87.9% against 91.5% in October).
- **Inflation.** We expect consumption prices to increase around 0.3% m/m in December. Hence, inflation in 2008 would close around 6.5%.

7. Venezuela

• Regulation related to public funds deposited in the banking system: This week, the Ministry of Finance issued norms regarding the restitution to the Treasury of public entities' funds currently deposited in banking institutions for at least four months. The measure deals with expected fiscal tensions during the coming months and could negatively impact those financial institutions holding a larger share of these public deposits. Public deposits represent about 19% of total bank's deposits. In recent weeks, the overnight interbank market has been subject to tensions, being the increased volatility of public deposits a main factor in explaining the resulting high rates and dispersion. Banks will be demanded to return funds directly to the Treasury upon request.



Mexico: Aggregate Supply and Demand

| | (% annual, nsa) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------|------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 2007 | 1Q08 | 2Q08 | 3Q08 | | | | | | | | |
| Aggregate Supply | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 3.3 | | | | | | | | |
| GDP | 3.2 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 1.6 | | | | | | | | |
| Imports | 6.9 | 8.6 | 9.2 | 8.1 | | | | | | | | |
| Aggregate Demand | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Consumption | 3.8 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 2.9 | | | | | | | | |
| Private | 4.2 | 3.9 | 3.2 | 3.3 | | | | | | | | |
| Public | 1.0 | 0.6 | 0.7 | -0.2 | | | | | | | | |
| Investment | 5.6 | 2.7 | 8.2 | 7.9 | | | | | | | | |
| Inventories | 23.6 | 73.6 | -17.8 | -32.7 | | | | | | | | |
| Exports | 6.1 | 5.6 | 6.4 | 2.3 | | | | | | | | |
| Source: INEGI | | | | | | | | | | | | |



Venezuela. Public Deposits / Total Deposits.





The latest from markets

Bond and Money markets

| Market | End | Weekly Var. | Yearly Var. | Prev. Dec 2008 | | | |
|--|-------|----------------|-------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| | Ena | var. | Bp | 2008 | | | |
| Argentina | | | | | | | |
| 7 day Central Bank rate | 12.25 | 0 | 400 | | | | |
| Badlar rate | 13.38 | -531.25 | 250 | 20.00 | | | |
| Brasil | | | | 0.00 | | | |
| Official Rate | 13.75 | 0 | 250 | 12.75 | | | |
| Andima 1 year bond | 12.55 | -47 | 42 | | | | |
| Chile | | | | 0.00 | | | |
| Official rate | 8.25 | 0 | 225 | 5.25 | | | |
| Swap CLP | 7.00 | -32 | 76 | | | | |
| 10 year rate | 5.96 | 0 | 294 | | | | |
| Colombia | | | | 0.00 | | | |
| Official Rate (BR) | 9.50 | 0 | 0 | 8.00 | | | |
| DTF | 10.33 | 14 | 132 | | | | |
| TES jul-2020 | 10.54 | -16 | 25 | | | | |
| México | | | | | | | |
| Tipo oficial (Tasa de fondeo bancaria) | 8.25 | 0 | 72 | 5.50 | | | |
| 3 months rate | 8.16 | -6 | 54 | 8.30 | | | |
| 10 years rate | 8.00 | 14 | -15 | 8.75 | | | |
| Perú | | | | | | | |
| Tipo oficial | 6,50 | 0 | 150 | 6,50 | | | |
| Tipo 10 años* | 7,69 | -22 | 159 | | | | |
| Venezuela | | | | | | | |
| Overnight-interbancaria (diaria) | 26.6 | -89 | 939 | 9.7 | | | |
| CD 28d (oficial) | 13.0 | 0 | 200 | 13.5 | | | |
| DPF 90d | 18.2 | 106 | 700 | 18.0 | | | |

Foreign exchange market

Latin currencies register mild variations during the week. The Chilean Peso appreciates after the announcement that Wal-Mart will acquire D&S. Slight depreciations in Colombia and Mexico, the latter due to the negative economic data being released in the U.S.

| Exchange Rate | End | Weekly Var. % | Yearly Var. % | Prev. Dec 2008 |
|----------------------------|-------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| America | | | | |
| Argentina (peso-dollar) | 3.44 | 0.6 | 9.2 | 3.30 |
| Brazil (Real-dollar) | 2.38 | -0.5 | 33.8 | 2.30 |
| Colombia (Peso-dollar) | 2207 | 1.4 | 9.8 | 2329.00 |
| Chile (Peso-dollar) | 627 | -1.4 | 25.9 | 634.00 |
| México (Peso-dollar) | 13.30 | 1.4 | 22.0 | 12.8 |
| Peru (New sol-dollar) | 3.14 | 0.9 | 4.7 | 3.10 |
| Venezuela (Bolívar-dollar) | 2147 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.15 |
| dollar-Euro | 1.41 | 1.3 | -4.4 | 1.30 |



Emerging Spreads

Reduction in spreads, in line with the trend registered in other regions.

| | | weekly chg. | Annual chg |
|-------------------------|------|-------------|------------|
| EMBI+ sovereign spreads | End | Bps | bps |
| EMBI+ | 692 | -15 | 466 |
| EMBI + Latin America | 725 | -10 | 472 |
| Argentina | 1817 | -26 | 1424 |
| Brazil | 436 | -12 | 229 |
| Colombia | 497 | -5 | 317 |
| Chile* | 338 | -18 | 191 |
| México | 371 | -6 | 236 |
| Perú | 506 | -7 | 342 |
| Venezuela | 1854 | -5 | 1367 |
| EMBI+ Asia | 562 | -10 | 360 |
| EMBI+ Europe | 688 | -26 | 509 |

Commodity Markets

Oil and most metals displayed sharp drops during the week, as perspectives on global economic performance deteriorate.

| Commodities | End | Weekly Var. % | Yearly Var. % | Forecast Dec 2008 |
|---------------------|------|---------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Brent (\$/b) | 37.3 | -15.3 | -60.3 | 57.5 |
| Gold (\$/onza) | 845 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 750.0 |
| Copper (c/lb) | 127 | -3.0 | -58.7 | 160.0 |
| Soy (c/bush) | 305 | 2.3 | -23.9 | 336.0 |
| Coffee (c/lb) | 133 | 0.7 | -5.9 | 124 |
| Corn (c/bush) | 140 | 4.5 | -12.0 | 438.9 |
| Goldman-Sachs Index | 346 | -2.4 | -27.0 | |
| CRB Index | 741 | 4.0 | 2.2 | |

Stock Markets

Mixed performance on Latin exchanges: Most indexes show little or no gain, while Argentina and Brazil suffer steeper losses, negatively affected by the performance of Wall Street.

| Stock Exchange | End | Weekly chg % | Yearly chg % |
|-------------------------|-------|--------------|--------------|
| America | | | |
| S&P 500 | 868 | -2.2 | -41.3 |
| Nasdaq 100 | 1525 | -2.5 | -43.0 |
| Argentina (Merval) | 1038 | -5.3 | -51.7 |
| Brazil (Bovespa) | 36471 | -6.8 | -42.9 |
| Colombia (Ind. General) | 7537 | -0.7 | -29.5 |
| Chile (IGPA) | 11189 | -0.3 | -20.5 |
| México (IPC) | 22341 | 0.5 | -24.8 |
| Perú (General Lima) | 6999 | 0.2 | -60.1 |
| Venezuela (IBC) | 34520 | 0.1 | -8.9 |
| USA | | | |
| S&P 500 | 868 | -2.2 | -41.3 |
| Nasdaq 100 | 1525 | -2.5 | -43.0 |
| Europe | | | |
| Londres (FTSE) | 4217 | -1.6 | -34.9 |
| EuroStoxx50 | 2015 | -1.8 | -45.3 |
| lbex35 | 9069 | -2.2 | -40.3 |
| Estambul-100 | 26239 | 0.1 | -52.9 |
| Asia | | | |
| Nikkei | 8740 | 1.8 | -42.9 |
| China | 1852 | -8.3 | -64.8 |



The week ahead

| Day | Country | Indicator | Period | Last | Mkt Forecast | BBVA |
|------|-----------|-----------------------------|--------|-----------|--------------|----------|
| Mon | nday | | | | | |
| | Argentina | Commercial Centers Survey | nov | 15,1% a/a | | |
| | Argentina | Supermarkets Sales Survey | nov | 34,0% a/a | | |
| Tue | sday | | | | | |
| | Argentina | Public Service Statistics | nov | 6,3% a/a | | |
| | Argentina | Construction Activity Index | nov | 0,0% a/a | | |
| | Chile | Industrial Production | Nov | -0.8% | | |
| | Chile | Mining Production | Nov | -8.2% | | |
| | Chile | Labor | Nov | 3.8% | | |
| | Chile | Unemploment | Nov | 7.5% | | |
| | Mexico | Public Finance | Nov | 78.37M\$ | | |
| Wed | inesday | | | | | |
| | Mexico | Monetary aggregates | Nov | | | |
| | Colombia | Unemployment | Nov | 11.0% | 11.8% | 11.5% |
| Thu | rsday | | | | | |
| | Colombia | CPI(MoM) | Dic | 0.3% | 0.3% | 0.2% |
| | Colombia | CPI(YoY) | Dic | 7.7% | 7.5% | 7.4% |
| Frid | ay | | | | | |
| | Colombia | Monetary Policy meeting | Dic | | | |
| | Peru | CPI | Dic. | 0,31% m/m | | 0,3% m/m |
| | Peru | | | 6,75% y/y | | 6,5% y/y |
| | | | | | | |

Macroeconomic Indicators

| | 3Q | 2Q | GDP (| 4Q | 3Q | 2Q | | ıtion | (% a | mploy ent active | | ial Prod. | Sal | | | orts | Trade B | |
|-----------|-----|------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|------|-------|------------|------------------------|------|-----------|------|-----|-------|------|---------|------|
| | 08 | 08 | 08 | 07 | 07 | 07 | y | by | po | pp.) | yoy | | yoy | | yoy | | m USD | |
| Argentina | 6.5 | 7.6 | 8.3 | 9.1 | 8.8 | | 7.9 | Nov | 7.8 | 3 Q 08 | 2.6 | Oct | 34.0 | Oct | -5.8 | Nov | 952 | Nov |
| Brazil | 6.8 | 6.2 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 6.4 | nov | 7.6 | nov | 1.3 | oct | 10.1 | 08 | 5.0 | nov | 1613.0 | nov |
| Chile | 4.8 | 4.5 | 3.3 | 4.0 | 3.9 | | 8.9 | nov | 7.5 10. | oct | -0.8 | oct | -3.9 | oct | -19.2 | nov. | 11221 | nov. |
| Colombia | 3.1 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 8.0 | 6.5 | 7.7 | 7.73 | Nov | 1 | Oct | -7.5 | Oct | -0.1 | Oct | 24.8 | Sep | -433 | Sep |
| Mexico | 1.6 | 2.8 10. | 2.6 | 4.2 | 3.4 | 2.6 | 6.23 | Nov | 4.1 | Oct | 2.7 | Nov | 1.6 | jun | 16.0 | jun | -2834 | Nov. |
| Peru | 9.5 | 9 | 9.7 | 9.8 | 8.8 | 8.6 | 6.75 | Nov | 7.9 | Nov | 4.5 | Oct | n.d. | | -9.5 | Oct | 0 | Oct |
| Venezuela | 4.6 | 7.1 | 4.9 | 8.5 | 8.6 | | 32.7 | nov | 6.7 | Oct | -6.8 | Ago | 12.3 | Ago | 66.7 | sep | 19,201 | sep |

Sources: Bloomberg, Reuter, and BBVA staff estimates.