

Latam Daily | In Brazil we revise our end of year inflation forecast to 8%

Cecilia Posadas / Enestor Dos Santos / Jorge Selaive Carrasco / Juana Téllez Corredor / Carlos Serrano Herrera / Hugo Perea Flores / Alejandro Faci

We have left our 5.5% forecast for 2016 (end of period) unchanged and the upwards surprise is in line with a greater risk of the monetary authority increasing the Selic rate again in July. In Chile the Central Bank's economic expectation survey implied another downward correction in 2015 GDP forecasts; analysts expect a pause at 3% in the MPR for the medium term.

Brazil - Inflation nears 8.5% after surprising significantly to the upside in May

Inflation increased to 8.47%YoY (0.74% MoM) in May from 8.17% YoY (0.71% MoM) in April, frustrating the expectations that it would moderate after having skyrocketed in the first four months of the year (BBVA: 8.19% YoY/0.48% MoM; consensus: 8.30% YoY/0.58% MoM). The main driver of this upward surprise was food prices which increased 1.37% MoM in May. Favourable seasonality, weaker domestic demand and lower administered price pressures should prevent inflation from moving significantly higher during the rest of the year. Anyway, the higher than expected inflation figures in May have led to an upward revision in our inflation forecasts for the remainder of the year. In particular, we have revised our forecast for the end of the year from 7.6% YoY to 8.0% YoY. We have left our 5.5% forecast for the end of 2016 unchanged. Finally, today's figures also mean that there is a more significant risk that the monetary authority will be forced to increase the Selic rate again in July rather than leaving it at 13.75% as we forecast (see our Brazil Flash for more details)..

Chile - Decline in growth expectations for 2015 continues

The central bank's economic expectations survey revealed another downward correction to 2015 GDP growth forecasts from 2.7% to 2.6%, while for 2016 they were reduced from 3.5% to 3.4%. Annual inflation expectations remained stable at 3.5% and 3.0% for the end of this year and the next respectively (BBVAe: 2.9% YoY for 2015eop). Monthly inflation estimates are for +0.2% in June (BBVAe: between +0.2/+0.3% MoM), while aggregate economic activity forecasts reached a consensus of 2.0% YoY for May (BBVAe: between +1.25%/+2.25%). In this context, the analysts surveyed still expect a pause at 3% in the policy rate for the medium term (in line with our view). Finally, the results showed expectations of a stable exchange-rate at around 630 CLPUSD in a 12-month horizon.

What to watch today

Brazil - Minutes of the monetary policy meeting (7:30hrs NYT)

We expect the minutes to leave the door open for both the maintenance of the Selic rate at 13.75% from now on and for another hike in the policy rate in July. Even though yesterday's inflation figures increase the likelihood of the latter, we continue to expect the BCB to leave rates unchanged from now until the end of the year. In our view, a clearer signalling about which way the monetary authority will take will only be provided at the end of June when the 2Q15 Inflation Report will be released.



Mexico - Industrial production index (April, 09:00hrs NYT)

We expect industrial production in April to grow 0.1% MoM, s.a. This slow growth rate is a consequence of the combination of several factors. On the one hand there is an important source of growth that comes from manufacturing exports and also from the car industry. On the other hand there is an important downside effect that comes from the decrease oil production.

Chile - Monetary policy meeting (June, 17:00hrs NYT)

We expect a pause in the policy rate at 3% in today's meeting and a neutral stance. Aggregate activity continues to show slack in private demand components, while annual inflation retreats, albeit at a slow pace.

Peru - Monetary policy meeting (June, 18:30hrs NYT)

We believe the central bank will keep the policy rate on hold at 3.25%. Even though private spending remains weak, depreciation pressures on the local currency persist (in a context of still high credit dollarisation) and inflation has risen above the ceiling of the target range, both of which suggest there is little room for a rate cut. In addition, output growth will probably accelerate to more than 4% YoY in April (due to primary sectors, not linked to domestic demand), a level not seen since the beginning of 2014 and which in itself could act as a support for deteriorating business confidence.



Calendar indicators

| | Date | Period | Consensus | BBVAe | Actual | Prior |
|---------------------------------------|------------|--------|-----------|--------|------------|------------|
| Brazil | | | | | | |
| Vehicle Production Anfavea | 08-June | May | - | | 210,086 | 217,089.00 |
| FGV Inflation IGP-DI MoM | 09-June | May | 0.34% | | 0.4% | 0.92% |
| IBGE Infation IPCA MoM | 10-June | May | 0.57% | | 0.74% | 0.71% |
| COPOM Monetary Policy Meeting Minutes | 11-June | | | | | |
| Chile | | | | | | |
| CPI YoY | 08-June | May | 4.0% | 4.0% | 4% | 4.1% |
| CPIMoM | 08-June | May | 0.2% | 0.2% | 0.20% | 0.6% |
| Copper Exports | 08-June | May | - | | \$2853,25M | \$2881.9M |
| Trade Balance | 08-June | May | \$1250.0 | | \$981,66M | \$1150.5M |
| | 05-June to | May | _ | | | 23,084.00 |
| Vehicle Sales Total | 10-June | may | _ | | _ | 23,004.00 |
| Central Bank's E conomist Survey | 10-June | | - | | - | |
| Central Bank's Traders Survey | 10-June | | - | | - | |
| Overnight Rate Target | 11-June | 1-June | 3.00% | | - | 3.00% |
| Colom bia | | | | | | |
| Civil Works Payments (YoY) | 11-June | 1Q | - | -5.2% | - | 0.05 |
| GDP YoY | 12-June | 1Q | 2.7% | 2.1% | - | 3.5% |
| GDP QoQ | 12-June | 1Q | 0.3% | -0.1% | - | 0.7% |
| Mexico | | | | | | |
| Vehicle Production AMIA | 08-June | May | - | | 288,382 | 283,392.00 |
| Bi-Weekly CPI | 09-June | 1-M ay | 0.08% | 0.2% | 0.04% | -0.53% |
| Bi-Weekly Core CPI | 09-June | 1-M ay | 0.09% | 0.13% | 0.08% | 0.03% |
| Bi-Weekly CPI YoY | 09-June | 1-M ay | 2.86% | 2.98% | 2.82% | 2.93% |
| ANTAD Same-Store Sales YoY | 09-June | May | - | 4.7% | 7.4% | 4.9% |
| CPIMoM | 09-June | May | -0.47% | -0.42% | -0.5% | -0.26% |
| CPI Core MoM | 09-June | May | 0.12% | 0.14% | 0.12% | 0.16% |
| CPI YoY | 09-June | May | 2.91% | 2.96% | 2.88% | 3.06% |
| Nominal Wages | 10-June | May | - | | 4.3% | 4.1% |
| Industrial Production MoM | 11-June | Apr | - | | - | 0.0% |
| Industrial Production YoY | 11-June | Apr | 1.2% | 1.9% | - | 1.7% |
| Formal Job Creation Total | 12-June | May | - | 55.7K | - | 65.1K |
| Peru | | | | | | |
| Trade Balance | 09-June | Apr | - | | -\$746M | -\$573M |
| Reference Rate | 12-June | 1-jun | 3.25% | | - | 3.25% |
| | | | | | | |

3/5

Source: Bloomberg and BBVA Research

Flash



Most recent Latam reports

| Date | Description |
|------------|--|
| 06.10.2015 | Colombia: Inflation slows down in May due to a drop in food prices |
| 06.10.2015 | Colombia: PIPE 2.0 to boost production and employment |
| 06.08.2015 | Chile: Confidence would have dragged down Chilean GDP by between |
| | <u>0.3%-0.6%</u> |
| 06.08.2015 | Chile: Inflation rises to 0.2% in May, in line with expectations |
| 06.05.2015 | Chile: Imacec falling short of expectations and wages slowing down |
| 06.05.2015 | Mexico: Industrial production to improve at the beginning of 2Q15 |
| 06.04.2015 | Mexico: Central Bank keeps its monetary policy unchanged at 3% |
| 06.03.2015 | Brazil Outlook 2015 |
| 06.03.2015 | Latam Outlook 2Q15 |
| 06.03.2015 | Mexico: Yearbook of migration and remittances 2015 |





This document has been prepared by BBVA Research Department, it is provided for information purposes only and expresses data, opinions or estimations regarding the date of issue of the report, prepared by BBVA or obtained from or based on sources we consider to be reliable, and have not been independently verified by BBVA. Therefore, BBVA offers no warranty, either express or implicit, regarding its accuracy, integrity or correctness.

Estimations this document may contain have been undertaken according to generally accepted methodologies and should be considered as forecasts or projections. Results obtained in the past, either positive or negative, are no guarantee of future performance. This document and its contents are subject to changes without prior notice depending on variables such as the economic context or market fluctuations. BBVA is not responsible for updating these contents or for giving notice of such changes.

BBVA accepts no liability for any loss, direct or indirect, that may result from the use of this document or its contents.

This document and its contents do not constitute an offer, invitation or solicitation to purchase, divest or enter into any interest in financial assets or instruments. Neither shall this document nor its contents form the basis of any contract, commitment or decision of any kind.

In regard to investment in financial assets related to economic variables this document may cover, readers should be aware that under no circumstances should they base their investment decisions in the information contained in this document. Those persons or entities offering investment products to these potential investors are legally required to provide the information needed for them to take an appropriate investment decision.

The content of this document is protected by intellectual property laws. It is forbidden its reproduction, transformation, distribution, public communication, making available, extraction, reuse, forwarding or use of any nature by any means or process, except in cases where it is legally permitted or expressly authorized by BBVA.